

The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. XIV. NO. 48.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1903.

WHOLE NUMBER 724

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

The Oldest and Strongest Bank in Western Washtenaw County.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION NOV. 25, 1902

Capital, \$60,000.00

Surplus and Profits, \$22,974.19

Guarantee Fund, \$140,000.00

Deposits, \$333,762.74

Total Resources, \$416,792.93

We are now located in our new home in the Glazier Memorial Bank Building.

This bank is under State control, has abundant capital and a large surplus fund and does a general banking business.

Makes loans on Mortgage and other good approved securities.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

Draws Drafts payable in Gold anywhere in the United States or Europe.

Makes collections at reasonable rates in any banking town in the country.

Gives prompt attention to all business entrusted to us.

Deposits in the Savings Department draw three per cent. interest which is paid or credited to account on January 1st or July 1st.

Safety Deposit vaults of the best modern construction. Absolutely Fire and Burglar Proof.

Boxes to rent from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per year. Your Business Solicited.

DIRECTORS.

W. J. KNAPP, F. P. GLAZIER, JOHN W. SCHENK,
G. W. PALMER, WM. P. SCHENK, ADAM EPLER,
V. D. HINDELANG, FRED WEDEMEYER.

OFFICERS.

F. P. GLAZIER, President. W. J. KNAPP, Vice President.
THEO. E. WOOD, Cashier. D. W. GREENLEAF, Assistant Cashier.
A. K. STIMSON, Auditor.

Whooping Cough.
Whooping cough is a dangerous, contagious disease, hence it is a "disease dangerous to the public health" under the laws of Michigan.

Every person known to be sick with whooping-cough should be promptly and thoroughly isolated from the public; no more persons than are actually necessary should have charge of or visit the patient, and they should be restricted in their intercourse with other persons.

Plain and distinct notices should be placed upon the premises or house in which there is a person sick with whooping-cough.

Householders and physicians must immediately give notice of the first case of every case of whooping-cough to the local health officer. This is required by law.

Dr. G. W. Palmer, village health officer, states that he will give the name of every person who falls to give notice to him of the presence of whooping-cough in their families, to the prosecuting attorney.

A Surprise.

Dr. Caster's Sunday-school class worked a complete surprise on him at the parsonage Friday evening. The gentlemen had been quietly at work and bought a fine roll-top desk for the reverend gentleman, and thought that they would present it to him that evening. So with their wives—those that had them—they prepared a luncheon, and together journeyed to the parsonage. The first intimation that the Doctor had that anything unusual had happened was when the entire party walked in upon him. The company also took along a silver nut bowl for Mrs. Caster, so that she would not think she had been slighted. W. W. Gifford made the presentation with an appropriate speech, after which both Dr. and Mrs. Caster expressed their thanks. The evening was pleasantly passed in visiting and music and making way with the luncheon which had been prepared.

Completed in the Spring.

Argus: Mr. Boland has not given up building his street car line to Ann Arbor. He now expects to begin work pushing the track through from Dexter to Ann Arbor with the opening of spring.

Said a gentleman who is well posted on suburban road building to the Argus: "Mr. Boland has got too much money in this line to afford to drop it. He has got 18 miles of track laid between Grass Lake and Dexter and a low estimate of grading as Mr. Boland has graded and laying the track is over \$10,000 a mile. So he must have at least \$180,000 in between Grass Lake and Dexter."

"Mr. Boland has paid for all the right of way from Dexter to this city, but three or four pieces. His franchise has all been extended until June. He is in better shape than he was and with over a quarter of a million dollars already invested between Grass Lake and this point, there is no doubt of his finishing the line."

"Mr. Boland tells me that he has satisfied Mr. Ashley. This means that he is obligated to pay \$8,000 for grade separation in Ann Arbor. He has purchased considerable right of way between Ann Arbor and Plymouth."

Marriage and Divorce.

Argus: During the year 1902, there were 354 couples in Washtenaw county licensed to marry. This is an increase of 20 over 1901. To state this in another way 708 people were married in this county last year.

During the year 1902, 53 divorce cases were started in this county. The proportion of those trying to get unmarried is to those trying to get married as one to seven.

It is a shameful record—this divorce record. Not worse in Washtenaw than in other counties of the state, put undoubtedly fostered by the easy divorce laws of Michigan.

Of the 51 divorces last year 19 have already been granted, leaving 33 of the cases pending of those originating during the year. In all 35 divorces were granted during the year.

Chancery suits are begun for many diverse reasons, but of the 109 chancery suits commenced in the Washtenaw circuit in 1902, 51 were for divorces and only 50 for all other reasons.

Remember the Date.

On Wednesday evening of next week, January 14, Rev. Dr. Caster will give at the Methodist church his celebrated lecture on "Greece, Athens, and the City built over the Sea."

As announced in a previous issue of The Standard in September, the ladies of the church ordered extensive and much-needed improvements made in the parsonage property. The work has been done to the satisfaction of all concerned, and this lecture is for the purpose of helping the ladies in their finances. No definite admission fee to the lecture has been named each attendant will pay what- ever he chooses from 10 cents to 25 dollars.

You will go a good way, and pay a dollar to hear a lecture in which you will learn far less than you will in this one by Dr. Caster. The crowds that listened to his lectures on Egypt and Palestine will certainly want to hear this one.

A few months ago Mr. Caster gave this lecture in Alpena, and the Argus of that city said of it: "The Methodist church was crowded last evening to hear Rev. Dr. Caster on Athens and Greece. The lecture was graphic and instructive, and although an hour and a half long, held the audience to the last word. We hope to hear him again."

Election of Officers.

The following officers were elected at the annual meeting of Eureka Grange, Lyndon:

Master—B. W. Sweet.
Overseer—John Clark.
Lecturer—H. S. Barton.
Steward—Jas. Howlett.
Assistant Steward—Matt Harkerd.
Chaplain—Mrs. E. J. Runciman.
Treasurer—G. A. Runciman.
Secretary—Mrs. Mary E. Clark.
Gatekeeper—A. B. Skidmore.
Ceres—Mrs. Lillie Barton.
Pomona—Mrs. M. E. McKune.
Flora—Mrs. E. Harkerd.
Lady Assistant Steward—Mrs. Clara Rowe.

Sheriff's Appointments.

Sheriff Gauntlett has announced the appointment of a few of his deputies as follows:

Under Sheriff—William Gauntlett.
Ann Arbor—Fred R. Gillen, O. M. Kelsey, Paul Schall.
Ypsilanti—O. W. Westfall.
Dexter—Charles Stebbins.
Milan—Fred Hasley.
Chelsea—Frank Leach.

County and Vicinity

Capt. E. P. Allen has sold his farm in Sharon, known as the Cushman farm to George Widmayer.

Geo. Benton of Dexter has contracted to sell his farm in Lima and Dexter townships, to Flint parties.

Chas. N. How of Saline has been secretary of the Masonic Lodge at that place for the past twenty years.

The milk dealers of Plymouth have restored the old prices of milk, the kick raised by the patrons against the raise being so vigorous that it was found more satisfactory to set the price back.

During the past year buildings cost \$600,000 have been erected or are under construction at Ann Arbor. The largest contract is the engineering building on the campus, which calls for \$140,000.

H. W. Hayes, local agent of the Michigan Central railroad at Ann Arbor for the past twenty-three years has resigned. Mr. Hayes has several offers from other railroads, but is undecided what he will do.

The idea of teaching the children to save their pennies and nickels was introduced in the Adrian public schools Sept. 1, 1900, and the total amount since collected by the teachers and deposited in the bank is \$4,875.77.

Another effort is being made to have a government building in Ann Arbor, a petition being in circulation to have Congress Smith introduce a bill for that purpose. The lease of the present building has not much longer to run.

Of late there have been a number of complaints of losing wood at night. The parties who are in the habit of this low-down practice, better be careful or they may have a "didn't know it was loaded" item for the papers. Stockbridge Brief.

A prominent business man of this town accompanied by his wife went over to Munith one day last week to deliver a load of goods, and just before reaching that burg he turned what he thought was a corner and shortly had the pleasure of picking himself and wife out of a ditch.—Stockbridge Sun.

A burglar who is too careless to ever succeed in the business visited Anson Harmon, of Saline, the other night. He stole two pocketbooks from Harmon's room as the latter slept, and taking them out on the porch of the house, went through them, took \$75 in bills from them, and then went away, leaving the pocketbooks lying there. When Harmon found them in the morning he was tickled to discover that the careless thief had overlooked one compartment in which was \$70 in Uncle Sam's good money.



SEE
WEBSTER
FOR
CLOTHES



WILLIAM CASPARY,

Chelsea's favorite Baker has again located at the old stand on Middle street, and will have in stock a choice line of

Breads, Cakes, Macaroons,
Loaf Cake, Lady Fingers,
Ginger Snaps, and Pies.

All of my own baking and made of the best materials.

LUNCHES SERVED.

A full line of home-made Candles on hand. Please give me a call.

WILLIAM CASPARY.



HAVE YOU A
SORE
THROAT?
Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for
TONSILINE.
TONSILINE is the greatest throat remedy on earth. Tonsiline not only cures sore throats of all kinds, very quickly, but is a positive, never-failing and speedy cure for Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy.
It's the stitch in time.
Don't neglect to use it.
25 and 50 cents at all druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

Pure Kettle Rendered

HOME-MADE

LARD

AT

121-2 CENTS

This is not old stock, but strictly pure and fresh. I have on hand about 4,000 pounds in stock that I will sell at the above price.

Every pound warranted as represented.

ADAM EPLER.

WASHING!

Let us do it for you. Lace curtains a specialty. Prices reasonable.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry.
Baths

Special attention is given to prescription compounding at the Bank Drug Store. Only drugs of the highest standard are used.

NEW RESOLUTIONS!

At the beginning of every new year most everybody makes new resolutions. Have you? We have and our resolution is to make prices so interesting that none can afford to pass us by. The year of 1903 has been a very prosperous year to us and we hope it has been to you. We enter the year of 1903 wishing you a happy and prosperous new year and we believe we can assist you if you give us a share of your patronage. Below we give you a few new year greetings:

The best 25c coffee in Chelsea

A fine one at 20c a pound

A good one at 16c pound

Arbuckle's and Lion coffee 12 1/2c pound

We are after your Tea patronage and we will have it if you will give us a chance. Ask for a sample.

Yellow and white Arkoline 18c package

Henkle's bread flour 55c sack

Objibwa fine cut tobacco 40c pound

Sweet Cuba tobacco 85c pound

Finest oranges at 30c dozen

Large yellow bananas 20c dozen

Finest soft shell English walnuts 15c lb.

Choice mixed nuts 12 1/2c pound

When you want a fine piece of Decorated China call on us.

Wild cherry and Iron tonic 50c bottle

Finest molasses procurable 75c gallon

Good molasses, New Orleans, 45c gallon

A very nice one at 35c gallon

An excellent baking molasses 25c gallon

Yours for a happy and prosperous new year.

FENN & VOGEL.



WHAT'S THE TROUBLE

Is your Watch inaccurate or the household timepiece irregular? Better have them put in order. Not a very costly matter. Our charges for

WATCH, CLOCK AND

JEWELRY REPAIRING

are moderate. Just enough, however to pay for the best kind of work. Everything entrusted to us is carefully done.

F. KANTLEHNER, Jeweler.

Bad Teeth and Indigestion

Before modern dentistry was practiced, people with decayed or missing teeth were pitted. But now they are blamed; for everyone knows that unsightly teeth indicate neglect. Do not mar the happiness and comfort of those about you with an offensive and unsightly mouth.

Consult us in time. You may save this great evil, pain and expense.

Good Reliable Dentistry at prices within the reach of all is our motto.

One tooth filled or extracted by us in our careful and thorough manner is the best argument we can give you. Ask those who have tried us.

G. E. HATHAWAY, (Graduate in Dentistry).

Grand Opening of Fall and Winter Goods



An extra large stock of fall and winter suitings, overcoatings and odd trousers, and those fall and winter warm, medicated vests, and an extra large invoice of woollens, making our stock the largest in the county to select from.

Agents for the celebrated dyes, dry and steam cleaners.

Ladies' Jackets made and remodeled.

All work guaranteed.

GLASS BLOCK TAILORING PARLORS.

J. J. RAFTREY Proprietor.

Phone 37.

D, Y., A. A. & J. RAILWAY.

TIME CARD TAKING EFFECT JULY 6, 1902.

On and after this date cars will leave Jackson going east at 6:45 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 6:45 p. m. Then at 6:45 and 10:45.

Grass Lake 6:15 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:15 p. m. Then at 9:15 and 11:15.

Leave Chelsea 6:30 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:30 p. m. Then at 9:30 and 11:30.

Cars will leave Ann Arbor going west at 6:45 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:45 p. m. Then at 9:45 and 11:45.

Leave Chelsea 6:50 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:50 p. m. Then at 9:50 and 11:50.

Leave Grass Lake 7:14 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 8:14 p. m. Then at 10:14 and 12:14.

The company reserves the right to change the time of any car without notice.

Cars will meet at Grass Lake and at No. 2 siding.

Cars run on Standard time.

CHRISTMAS PLANTS.

You will be sure to want a nice plant for a Christmas present. Just remember that I have them. Roman Hyacinths and Paper White Narcissus in pans, Chinese Sacred Lilies in bulbs, and all kinds of ferns for jardiniere, hanging baskets, etc. Cut Carnations, Roman Hyacinths and other cut flowers. Also remember your Christmas dinner will not be complete without some of my crisp house vegetables. Yours for a merry Christmas.

ELYTHA CLARK, Florist.

Phone connection Chelsea, Mich. Leave orders for holly.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time Card, taking effect, Nov. 2, 1902

TRAINS EAST:

No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:54 a. m.

No. 86—Atlantic Express 7:15 a. m.

No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.

No. 2—Express and Mail 3:15 p. m.

TRAINS WEST:

No. 11—Mich. and Chicago exp. 8 a. m.

No. 5—Express and Mail 8:35 a. m.

No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:30 p. m.

No. 37—Pacific Express 11:52 p. m.

No. 11 and 37 stop only to let passengers on or off.

O. W. ROGELUS, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt.

R. A. WILLIAMS, Agent.

Geo. H. Foster

AUCTIONEER

Satisfaction Guaranteed

Terms Reasonable.

Headquarters at G. H. Foster & Co.'s

Try The Standard's Want Columns.

What they are doing at the Bank Drug Store

Rich Fragrant

MOCHA AND JAVA COFFEE

25c pound

AT THE

Bank Drug Store.

50 Fountain Pens.

We keep 50 pens all filled ready for you to pick from.

Guaranteed to Suit.

FLINCH CARDS

AND

PING PONG SETS

AT THE

Bank Drug Store.

20 YEARS.

20 years is a long time, but that is the way they warrant Silver Plated Knives and Forks at the

Bank Drug Store.

Don't be discouraged

White Pine and Spruce Balsam

will cure your cold.

Sold in 25c Bottles.

For the Finest Perfumes, Toilet Soaps, Hand Lotions, etc., go to the

Bank Drug Store.

They are pleased to make special orders for anything not carried in stock, without extra charge.

Special attention given to

Prescription Work.

* Only Drugs of the highest standard are used.

1-4 OFF

On all Patent Medicines at the

Bank Drug Store.

Highest Price for Eggs at the BANK DRUG STORE.

CHELSEA TELEPHONE NUMBER 8

PANORAMIC REVIEW OF THE YEAR 1902

Happenings of Importance During The Twelve Months Just Ended.

Coal Strike the Event of the Year of the Most Far-Reaching Importance—Public Sentiment Thoroughly Aroused Over the Controversy.

The year of 1902 opened with the assured certainty of the early coming of peace in the Philippines and South Africa, and with the date for the establishment of an independent government in Cuba already determined; the Congress of the United States was rapidly approaching the favorable determination of its great problem of the construction of an isthmian ship canal, and abroad Germany and England were almost ready in the matter of those same debt claims which in the concluding day of the year had been the cause for a new strain in the interpretation of the Monroe doctrine.

But as the outcome proved, even the greatest of these matters possessed for the people of the United States such vital importance as another event, which was far from being foreseen at the time, and which, when it came, gave at its start little rest to the public mind. Its course and conclusion would be, this was the great strike in the anthracite coal mines of Pennsylvania, which lasted through the summer and fall.

It was not merely that this was one of the greatest strikes in the history of the United States for the number of men engaged, the length of its duration and the obstinacy with which it was fought; nor was it because of the mere fact of the inconvenience and loss occasioned by it to the public; nor even because in securing its settlement the President of the United States was forced to take control of the situation by acting in a manner for which there was nothing in the constitution or customs of the land to give justification.

Beyond all these things, the strike was the most pregnant event of the year, because of the way it crystallized sentiment on the part of that great body of the American public—the consumers—who were concerned in it, neither as producers nor as laborers, but who were forced, by the jeopardizing of their own interests as consumers, to intervene for their own protection.

The strike began May 12, and the miners did not yield an inch of their resolution until they voted to return to work Oct. 21, after arbitration had been arranged for. The number of men involved was 147,000. The price of hard coal in New York, where the factories were accustomed to no other fuel, rose from \$2.25 as high as \$2.40 a ton, with often no supplies to be had. The demand of the miners was in part for higher wages, but still more for a regulated and fair method of weighing and recording the product of the men, by which to protect, acting as an organization, could protect their members' interests.

The mine owners, organized in the most thorough monopoly in the country, and represented by the presidents of the coal carrying railroads, at first refused to recognize the strike, and contemptuously declined all proposals of arbitration, from whatever source. Whether their attitude was dictated by a desire to obtain larger holdings of stock in a demoralized market or to make possible permanent price advances for coal, or from a deep antagonism to organized labor, was a matter only for speculation on the part of outsiders.

Through the strike there has risen as one of the greatest among the great figures of American history the name of John Mitchell, the young leader of the Mine Workers' Union, who June 17, at Indianapolis, prevented the bituminous coal miners from striking in sympathy, who carried on the strike with less accompanying violence than was ever known in so great industrial disorganization before, and who, despite great personal aggravation from his opponents' methods, maintained a serenity that helped not a little in the clear-sighted progress which he made to ultimate victory.

With the finding of President Roosevelt's commission of arbitration next spring will come the end, as far as its immediate incidents are concerned, of an industrial struggle that would never have begun had the representatives of capital showed themselves as true to their agreements and as intelligent in their views as did the representatives of labor.

Independence of Cuba.
Of the two great events of the year in connection with the treatment by the United States of the islands, the first under its influence as a result of the Spanish war, the first was the inauguration of independent government in Cuba. The Cuban independence day, when President Palma took control of the executive office, was May 20, just three days after young Alfonso attained his majority and became king of Spain in fact. The popular election had been held Dec. 31, 1901, and the electoral college had chosen the island's president Feb. 21. The American flag, lowered the American flag and left the island to its own resources.

Peace in the Philippines.
The Philippine Islands were declared by proclamation of the President July 4, to be in a state of peace and quiet and worthy of the establishment of the civil in place of military government, for which Congress had provided. With this went a proclamation of amnesty to political offenders and civil administration began.

however, while President Castro of Venezuela found himself busy in suppressing a rather more than usually pretentious revolution. In the last month of the year German and English fleets suddenly appeared off Venezuelan ports, sank Venezuelan ships and announced their intention to blockade the ports and seize the customs to make good the debts. Arbitration at The Hague was not wanted by the European powers, as they feared Castro would pay no heed to a decision against him, and for that reason a proposal was made to President Roosevelt to become the arbitrator. The vital feature of this demand was that it sought to impose on the United States some responsibility under the Monroe doctrine, along with the authority admitted to it. Upon the refusal of President Roosevelt to act as arbitrator the allied powers finally yielded to his urgent suggestion that the matters at issue be referred to The Hague tribunal for settlement.

Matters of General Interest.
Of matters of other than political or industrial import during the year two which will be at once thought of are Carnegie's \$10,000,000 gift to the Carnegie Institution for the fostering of scientific research and investigation and Cecil Rhodes' great gift of his fortunes by will to the University of Cape Town, South Africa, which will be at once thought of as one of the great achievements of the year. The first signals were sent in August from Nova Scotia to Cornwall, but in December they were followed by complete messages from Lord Milne, governor general of Canada,

to King Edward and to the king of Italy. In the matter of the navigation of the air some progress was made, as notably when Stanley Spencer sailed thirty miles across London in September. The year witnessed one of the greatest disasters in history during the volcanic activity in the West Indian islands, when Mont Pelee's eruption on Martinique killed, with a handful of exceptions, every living being of the city of St. Pierre, 30,000 souls. The response of America to the story of suffering was such a prompt creation of both government and private relief funds as to add an additional great surprise to the many in the United States who have given to the world in the last few years.

Decrease in Lynchings.
The lynchings reported in 1902 show a most gratifying decrease, being but ninety-six as compared with 125 in 1901. Of these lynchings eighty-seven occurred in the South and nine in the North. Of the total number eighty-six were Negroes, nine whites and one Indian. One woman was lynched in South Carolina.

Trusts Formed During the Year.
New trusts with a total capital of almost \$4,000,000,000 were formed during 1902. Of this vast capital over seven-eighths, or approximately \$3,700,000,000, was the capital of the combines formed in New Jersey, New York, Delaware and other states. The other companies were scattered over all the other states. The total is only about \$200,000,000 below the incorporations of 1901, when the billion-dollar steel trust and the \$600,000,000 Northern Securities Company were formed.

King Edward's Coronation.
What was expected to have been the most gorgeous spectacle of modern times was the coronation of King Edward VII. of England at Westminster Abbey on June 26. In anticipation of the event the British Empire had been preparing be-

Terrible Disaster at Martinique the Most Appalling Calamity.

Legislation of Importance Done With by Congress—Shadow Cast by the Venezuelan Embroglio About to Be Lifted—End of Boer War.

fore 1902 began and the end of the Boer war was even more welcome, because it enabled Edward to don his crown in a time of perfect peace. As the days drew near the Ambassadors from the farthest ends of the earth came to London, already overcrowded by visitors from all lands. The ceremonies, retaining nearly all the medieval formalities, were carefully planned and minutely rehearsed, while the public rushed eagerly to the seats erected along the line of march and the nobility of the realm crowded themselves with the ceremony in the Abbey. The king came up to London in very ill health. On the 24th of June he took to his bed and on the following day a committee of the most eminent physicians and surgeons of the realm determined that an operation was necessary to save him from death of an ailment closely resembling appendicitis. On the 25th Sir Frederick Treves performed the operation, and for many days the King lay in a comatose state. Coronation gayer gave place to gloom, thousands of visitors, including some of the ambassadors, returned home. Hundreds of tradesmen who had anticipated large profits found themselves impoverished, and a general depression prevailed throughout the empire. Slowly however, the King began to improve, and on August 9 the ceremony took place.

Religious Movements in 1902.
There has been perhaps nothing more striking in the religious history of the year just closed than the dispersion of the religious bodies of different names to "get together" in the practical prosecution of their work. Nothing decisive has yet come of the movement for a union of the Methodist churches North and South, nor of the Northern and Southern Presbyterians, but progress has been made. The project for bringing together the Congregationalists, the Methodist protestants and the United Brethren has made hopeful advance.

Finally, the year has seen one of the grandest religious spectacles since the instance is found in the Methodist church. Three years ago, on "watch night" there went out from a Springfield church a call for a twenty-million-dollar fund for the development of Methodist religious work. On the evening of Dec. 31, in the same church, to the people assembled to watch out the Old Year, was made the official announcement of the completion of this noble fund. It is a great achievement, which fittingly crowns the closing year.

The November Elections.
The general elections of November 4 resulted in the election of the Fifty-eighth Congress as follows: Republicans, 238; Democrats, 178.

November 4—Of the states in which United States Senators are to be chosen the following elected Republican legislators: California, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wisconsin. Democratic legislators were chosen in Colorado, Florida, Missouri, Nevada, North Carolina and South Carolina.

The following state governors were elected: Alabama, William D. Jelks (Dem.); California, Dr. George C. Pardee (Rep.); Colorado, James H. Peabody (Rep.); Connecticut, Birmam Chamberlain (Rep.); Idaho, John T. Morrison (Rep.); Kansas, Willis J. Bailey (Rep.); Massachusetts, John L. Bates (Rep.); Michigan, Aaron T. Bils (Rep.); Minnesota, Samuel K. Van Sant (Rep.); Nevada, John Spinks (Dem.); New Hampshire, Nahum J. Bacheelder (Rep.); New York, Benjamin B. Odell, Jr. (Rep.); North Dakota, Frank White (Rep.); Pennsylvania, Samuel W. Pennypacker (Rep.); Rhode Island, Dr. L. F. C. Garvin (Dem.); South Carolina, Duncan C. Heyward (Dem.); South Dakota, Charles N. Herreid (R. P.); Tennessee, James B. Frazier (Dem.); Texas, Samuel W. T. Lanham (Dem.); Wisconsin, Robert M. LaFollette (Rep.); Wyoming, De Forest Richards (Rep.).

Prince Henry's Visit.
Four days later and on the same day Mrs. Stone was released, February 23, Prince Henry of Russia, brother of Kaiser William of Germany, landed in New York, and as the nation's guest was accorded a grander welcome than ever given a foreign visitor. He came to represent his brother at the launching of his yacht, the Meteor, built by an American and christened by Miss Alice Roosevelt at Shant's Island, New York, February 23. On the 27th the Prince, his suite and the diplomatic corps at Washington attended a session of both Houses of Congress in the Senate Chamber, at his memorial address in eulogy of the late President McKinley. During the remainder of his visit the Prince's special train bore him westward, as far as St. Louis, Milwaukee and Chicago, south as far as Chattanooga, where a brief but enthusiastic reception awaited him at every stop. He called for home on March 11, leaving a pleasant impression of himself behind and bearing with him a favorable idea of America.

Troubles in China.
To the story of 1901 belongs the bloody "Boxer" outrages and the Peking occupation of Tientsin and Pekin by the allied forces of Russia, England, Germany, France, Austria, United States, Italy and Japan. The flight of the Empress Dowager with her grandson, the Emperor and the rest of the Chinese court and the tedious negotiations attending the settlement occurred in the preceding year, but it was not until January 7 that the remarkable woman who dominates the government of China returned to Peking. With all show of graciousness and reassuring messages to the foreign diplomatic corps, she remained within the Forbidden City, arrangements were made for the payment of the indemnities to the powers and a withdrawal of the allied soldiers was discussed. This evacuation was delayed because of fear excited by Russia's attack in Manchuria.

Spreading the Good News.
Whatcom, Wash., January 5th.—Mrs. A. M. Ferguson who came here from Winnepes, Manitoba, relates how that great destroyer of Kidney Complaints, Dodd's Kidney Pills first reached the extreme North West corner of the United States:

"I had used Dodd's Kidney Pills for what the Doctors pronounced Bright's Disease in Winnepes." Mrs. Ferguson says, "And the disease disappeared entirely. That was about three years ago and I enjoyed good health till about two years later when I removed to Whatcom.

"Whether it can't tell but my old trouble returned in full force. My legs were swelled to nearly twice their size. I could not go up or down stairs for about two months.

"My husband hunted Whatcom for Dodd's Kidney Pills but could get none till a Druggist sent away and got them for him.

"I began to get well as soon as I began taking them." Others in Whatcom have learned to know and appreciate Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Indigestion, congested liver, impure blood, constipation, there are what afflict thousands of people who do not know what is the matter with them. They drag along a miserable existence; they apply to the local doctors occasionally, and sometimes obtain a little temporary relief, but the old, tired, worn-out, all-gone, distressed feeling always comes back again worse than ever, until in time they become tired of living, wonder why they were ever born, and why they are alive unless to endure constant suffering. To such sufferers there is a haven of refuge in Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops, which was discovered more than 60 years ago, and which is a wonderful medicine. One trial will convince the most skeptical that any or all of these difficulties may be removed, and a perfect cure effected, by taking Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Drops. Get a bottle at once, before it is too late.

His Only Chance.
One day, a few years ago, Mr. O'Brien, a land agent in the west of Ireland, met a countryman, and, having heard of his marriage, saluted him with:

"Well, Pat, so you have taken to yourself a wife?"

"Yes, yer honor," said Pat, touching his hat, "I have."

Mr. O'Brien looking comically at him, said:

"Well, here I am, and I can get no one to take me, and I feel very lonely sometimes."

Pat, looking confidential, said:

"I think I can put yer honor in the way."

"How, Pat?"

"Do as I did; go where you are not 'nown."

His Household Goods.
When Mark Twain was a young and struggling newspaper writer in San Francisco a lady of his acquaintance saw him one day with a cigar box under his arm looking in at a shop window. "Mr. Clemens," she said, "I always see you with a cigar box under your arm. I am afraid you are smoking too much." "It isn't that," said Mark. "I'm moving again."

REVIEW OF YEAR 1902 THE CHIEF EVENTS

JANUARY.
1—First election day in Cuba.
2—Steamer Vauva Walla lost; 41 lives.
3—Jean de Block, Russian economist, died.
4—Emperor returned to Peking.
5—New York tunnel collision; 18 killed.
6—Nicaraguan bill passed, housed.
7—Nixon, Tammany hall leader, died.
8—British warship Condor lost; 130 lives.
9—Earthquake Chilpancingo, Mexico; 200 killed.
10—Aubrey de Vere died, London.
11—Treaty signed ending Danish W. I. plebiscite in N. Y. subway; six killed.
12—Admiral Kimberly died, Newton.
13—Fleet St. fire, nine dead, Boston.
14—Fire at Norfolk, Va.; \$500,000 loss.
15—Prof. Williams, Ohio Wesleyan University, died.

FEBRUARY.
1—\$2,000,000 fire, Waterbury, Conn.
2—Fire Paterson, N. J.; \$6,000,000 loss.
3—Fire Springfield, Ohio; \$600,000 loss.
4—Anglo-Japanese alliance.
5—Marquis of Dufferin, died.
6—Fire South Mills, N. C.; \$500,000 loss.
7—William West, minister, died.
8—Senate ratified Danish treaty.
9—War revenue reduction passed.
10—Rev. Newman Hall died, London.
11—Kellor's sanitarium, Hatfield Creek, burned; \$45,000 loss.
12—Troops shot rioters, Barcelona.
13—Fire New York City; \$70,000 loss.
14—Bishop Latane, Baltimore, died.
15—Park Ave. hotel burned, New York.
16—Billy Emerson died, Boston.
17—Miss Stone freed by brigands.
18—Prince Henry reached New York.
19—Boers captured a convoy.
20—Kaiser's yacht launched.
21—Ship Jules Jean Baptiste lost; 80 lives.
22—Victor Hugo centenary, Paris.
23—McKinley memorial service, Wash.

MARCH.
1—Francis W. Parker died, Miss.
2—Philippine tariff passed, house.
3—Congressman Polk, Penn., died.
4—Gen. J. P. Estey died, Vermont.
5—Boers captured Gen. Methuen.
6—Prince Henry left United States.
7—John P. Altgeld died, Illinois.
8—Gen. A. P. Martin died, Boston.
9—Gen. Methuen freed by Boers.
10—Wages advanced 30 per cent, Fall River.
11—Ship subsidy passed, senate.
12—Fire Hoboken, N. J.; \$1,000,000 loss.
13—Judge Noah Davis died, N. Y.
14—Judge Taft of Vermont died.
15—Maj. Gen. Otis retired.
16—Cecil Rhodes died, South Africa.

APRIL.
1—Thos. Dunn English died, N. J.
2—12 hotels burned, Atlantic City; \$1,000,000 loss.
3—Boer war 23 years old.
4—Gen. Wade Hampton died, S. C.
5—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage died, Washington.
6—Cuban reciprocity passed, house.
7—Guatemala earthquake; 2,000 dead.
8—Morgan steamship trust launched.
9—Frank R. Stockton died, Washington.
10—Steamer City of Pittsburg lost; 30 lives.
11—Fire Dallas, Texas; \$400,000 loss.
12—Archbishop Williams died, aged 80.
13—J. Sterling Morton died, Chicago.
14—Fire Glens Falls, N. Y.; \$250,000 loss.
15—Leonard Wood, lowered the American flag and left the island to its own resources.
16—Sol Smith Russell died, Washington.

MAY.
1—W. H. Moody, secretary of navy.
2—Amos J. Cummings of New York died.
3—Potter Palmer died, Chicago.
4—Archbishop Corrigan died, New York.
5—Bret Hartie died, London.
6—Admiral Sampson died, Washington.
7—Fire New Milford, Conn.; \$500,000 loss.
8—Paul Ford, author, killed, New York.
9—St. Pierre destroyed by volcano; 40,000 lives.
10—Volcanic eruption, St. Vincent; 2,000 lives.
11—Coal strike began.
12—Explosion napthala, Pittsburg; 23 killed.
13—Steamer Camarta lost, Bay of Bengal; 70 lives.
14—Alfonso XIII crowned, Spain.
15—\$400,000 fire, Houlton, Me.
16—Tornado in Texas; 350 dead.
17—Bishop Taylor died, California.
18—Mine explosion Fraterville, Tenn.; 200 killed.
19—Natal day, republic of Cuba.
20—Palma, president of Cuba.

21—Edwin Lawrence Godkin died.
22—Bradwin piano works, Brooklyn, burned; \$500,000 loss.
23—Annie Clarke died, Chicago.
24—Mine explosion Fernie, B. C.; 115 lives.
25—Rochambeau statue unveiled, Washington.
26—Lord Pauncefote died, Washington.
27—Benjamin-Constant, French painter, died.
28—Boer war ended; two years seven months twenty days.

JUNE.
1—Philippine government bill through senate.
2—Rev. John H. Barrows died, Ohio.
3—Ard Patrick won the Derby.
4—Volcanic eruption, Guatemala; 1,000 lives.
5—M. Combes, premier of France.
6—Amnesty for Americans, Cuba.
7—Rev. G. H. Hepworth died, New York.
8—Anti-anarchy bill passed, house.
9—President Patton, Princeton, resigned.
10—West Point centennial.
11—Fire Alexander City, Ala.; \$750,000 loss.
12—King Albert of Saxony died.
13—Fire Portland, Oregon; \$600,000 loss.
14—King Edward's surgical operation.
15—Coronation postponed, England.
16—Henry Hopkins, president of Williams, died.
17—Forest fires in Colorado; \$1,000,000 loss.
18—Great windstorm, Indiana; \$2,000,000 loss.
19—Philippine government bill through house.
20—Roosevelt signed canal bill.

JULY.
1—Treaty of amity with Spain.
2—Peace declared in Philippines.
3—Manshall Williams, Ohio chief justice, died.
4—Mrs. Alexander died, London.
5—Kitchener back in England.
6—Archbishop Feehan died, Chicago.
7—Balfour, premier of England.
8—Liang Chen Tung, minister to United States.
9—Gen. Davis in command, Manila.
10—Lales of Bhoala, 14 drowned.
11—John W. Mackay died, London.
12—Steamer Premier sunk, Elbe river.
13—Livery; 40 lives.
14—Cardinal Ledochowski died, Rome.
15—Archbishop Croke died, Ireland.
16—Korea's independence guaranteed.
17—Jeffries whipped Fitzsimmons.
18—Rabbi Joseph, head American orthodox Jews, died.
19—Fire Pittsburg, Pa.; \$200,000 loss.
20—Paul Vandervoort, former G. A. R. commander, died.
21—Troops out, Pennsylvania coal fields.

AUGUST.
1—Rev. Atkinson drowned, Plymouth.
2—Outlaw Tracy dead, Oregon.
3—Col. Hooker died, Brattleboro.
4—Barcelona, Venezuela, sacked.
5—Volcanic eruption, London.
6—Senator McMillan of Michigan died.
7—Luther R. Marsh died, New York.
8—Boer generals in England.
9—Prof. Schenk died, Austria.
10—Volcanic eruption Torishima, Japan; 150 lives.
11—Explosion paper mill Wilmington, Delaware; 10 lives.
12—War maneuvers, northeast coast.
13—Cronje left St. Helena.
14—Gen. Bikel died, New York.
15—Roosevelt on New England tour.
16—Dan Patch mile 1:59 2/3.
17—Another eruption, Mt. Pelee.

SEPTEMBER.
1—Thirty-eight vessels lost, Algoa bay, Africa; 70 lives.
2—Edward Eggleston, author, died.
3—Roosevelt injured, Pittsburg.
4—Prof. Virchow died, Berlin.
5—Roosevelt on southern tour.
6—Germans sank gunboat, Hayti.
7—Magazine exploded, Governor's Island.
8—U. S. treasury, \$74,000,000 gold.
9—United States warships sent to Panama.
10—Alex. R. ("Boss") Shepherd, died.
11—Forest fires Oregon and Washington; loss, \$2,000,000; 38 lives.
12—W. S. Stratton died, Colorado.
13—Judge Horace Gray died, Nahant.
14—Nicholas Fish killed, New York.
15—Henderson's declination, Iowa.
16—Mine explosion Bluefield, W. Va.; 17 lives.
17—Edward failed to reach pole.
18—Roosevelt on western trip.
19—Second eruption Mont Pelee; 1,600 lives.
20—Third eruption Mont Pelee; 2,000 lives.

26—Cyclone in Stilly; 500 killed.
27—Railroad wreck Arzac, France; 23 killed.
28—Fire Stockton, Cal.; \$500,000 loss.
29—Emilie Zola died, Paris.

OCTOBER.
1—Admiral Jouett died, Maryland.
2—Roosevelt summoned coal barons.
3—Schooner Sybil lost at sea; 30 lives.
4—Steamer Quiring lost at sea; 30 lives.
5—White House coal conference.
6—Pennsylvania militia all ordered out.
7—Ex-Congressman Grout died, Vermont.
8—Miners voted to continue idle.
9—Mine accident Black Diamond, Washington; 17 lives.
10—Coal conference, New York.
11—Coal barons come to terms.
12—Lipton's challenge arrived.
13—Coal commission named.
14—Admiral Selfridge died, Waverly.
15—Another eruption of Soufriere.
16—Glucose works burned, Chicago; 11 lives.
17—Miners' convention called.
18—Kitchener to command, India.
19—Castro won 7-days' battle.
20—Fire Albany, N. Y.; \$500,000 loss.
21—Coal strike declared off.
22—Denmark refuses to sell islands.
23—Coal mining resumed.
24—Congressman Russell of Connecticut died.
25—Coal commission at work.
26—W. Wilson, pres. of Princeton.
27—Frank Norris, author, died, New York.
28—Elizabeth Cady Stanton died, New York.
29—Prince Albert, one-half mile, 57ks.
30—Volcanic eruption, Guatemala; 7,000 lives.
31—British cable around world.

NOVEMBER.
1—St. Pierre, Martinique, burned.
2—Steamer Enero lost off English coast; 22 lives.
3—Fireworks explosion Madison Square, New York; 15 lives.
4—Bond-Hay treaty signed.
5—Judge Nathan Webb died, Maine.
6—Spanish cabinet resigned.
7—R. M. Field died, Boston.
8—Mollieux raised wages, New York.
9—Whitlock acquitted wages.
10—Bottle explosion Swift's packing house, Chicago; 15 lives.
11—Roosevelt hunted bear, Mississippi.
12—Shots fired at King Leopold.
13—P. O. Vickery died, Maine.
14—Armour packing plant, Sioux City, Iowa, burned; loss, \$500,000.
15—Herr Krupp died, Germany.
16—Riots in Havana.
17—Prof. P. O. Chittree died, Virginia.
18—Cattle epidemic, New England.
19—Steamer Sylvanus J. Macy lost, Lake Erie; 19 lives.
20—Steamer Hancock lost, Lake Superior; 20 lives.
21—Wisconsin Central ore docks, Ashland, Wis., burned; loss, \$25,000.
22—Herr Krupp died, Germany.
23—Riots in Havana.
24—Prof. P. O. Chittree died, Virginia.
25—Cattle epidemic, New England.
26—Steamer Sylvanus J. Macy lost, Lake Erie; 19 lives.
27—Steamer Hancock lost, Lake Superior; 20 lives.
28—Rev. Joseph Parker died, London.

DECEMBER.
1—Homes for United States Supreme Court bench.
2—Message to Congress on trusts.
3—Minister Birk died, Japan.
4—Luisa, premier of Spain.
5—Alice Freeman Palmer died, Paris.
6—Thos. Nast died, Ecuador.
7—Thos. B. Reed died, Washington.
8—Ultimatum to Venezuela.
9—Venezuelan ships sunk.
10—Castro arrested foreigners.
11—Fire Atlanta, Ga.; loss \$1,000,000.
12—Puerto Cabello burned.
13—American sheet steel plant, Canal Dover, Ohio, burned; loss \$1,000,000.
14—Mrs. L. S. Grant died, Washington.
15—Laying new Pacific cable.
16—Venezuelan ports blockaded.
17—Humbert family, French swindlers, arrested in Madrid.
18—\$200,000 fund raised by Methodists.
19—Arbitration expected, Venezuela.
20—Wine, measles across Atlantic.
21—Dr. Temple, archbishop of Canterbury, died.
22—Railroad collision Byron, Cal.; 15 lives.
23—Mary Hartwell Catherwood, novelist, died.
24—Storm Copenhagen, Denmark; 12 lives.
25—Railroad collision Wanstead, Ont.; 23 lives.
26—Adventist printing plant, Battle Creek, Mich., burned; loss \$50,000.
27—Castro agrees to arbitration Hague tribunal.

1902



Mrs. Emmons, saved from an operation for Ovaritis, tells how she was cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I am so pleased with the results I obtained from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I feel it a duty and a privilege to write you about it.

"I suffered for over five years with ovarian troubles, causing an unpleasant discharge, a great weakness, and at times a faintness would come over me which no amount of medicine, diet, or exercise seemed to correct. Your Vegetable Compound found the weak spot, and saved me from an operation—all my troubles had disappeared, and I found myself once more healthy and well. Words fail to describe the real, true grateful feeling that is in my heart, and I want to tell every sick and suffering sister. Don't dally with medicines you know nothing about, but take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and take my word for it, you will be a different woman in a short time."

Mrs. LAURA EMMONS, Walkerville, Ont.—\$500 (replied to original of above letter proving genuineness of results).

End of the Boer War.
The Boer war was brought to an end by the signing at Pretoria by

**PROMINENT PHYSICIANS
USE AND ENDORSE PE-RU-NA.**



**C.B. CHAMBERLIN, M.D.
OF WASHINGTON, D.C.**

C. B. Chamberlin, M. D., writes from 14th and P Sts., Washington, D. C.

"Many cases have come under my observation, where Peruna has benefited and cured. Therefore, I cheerfully recommend it for catarrh and a general tonic."—C. B. CHAMBERLIN, M. D.

Medical Examiner U. S. Treasury, and now consider myself a well man and after months of suffering. Fellow-sufferers Peruna will cure you.

Dr. Llewellyn Jordan, graduate of Columbia College and who served three years at West Point, has the following to say of Peruna: "Allow me to express my gratitude to you for the benefit derived from your wonderful remedy. One short month has brought forth a vast change

START A STEAM LAUNDRY in your town. Small capital required and big returns. The investment secured. We write us. **Paradox Machinery Co., 181 E. Division St., Chicago.**

Mexican Mustang Liniment actually penetrates to the pain and cures where other liniments and salves either absolutely fail or fall far short of complete success.

ARE YOU SATISFIED? Are you entirely satisfied with the goods you buy and with the prices that you pay? Over 2,000,000 people are trading with us and getting their goods at wholesale prices. Our 1,000-page catalogue will be sent on receipt of 15 cents. It tells the story.

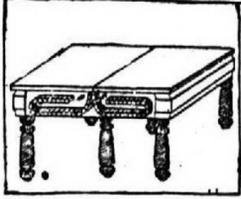
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50 UNION MADE. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$3.50 and \$5.00 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world, which they are worn by more people in all stations of life than any other make. Because W. L. Douglas is the largest manufacturer he can buy cheaper and produce his shoes at a lower cost than other concerns, which enables him to sell shoes for \$3.50 and \$5.00 equal in every way to those sold elsewhere for \$4 and \$5.00. W. L. Douglas \$3.50 and \$5.00 shoes are worn by thousands of men who have been paying \$4 and \$5, not believing they could get a first-class shoe for \$3.50 or \$5.00. He has convinced them that the style, fit and wear of his \$3.50 and \$5.00 shoes is just as good. Placed side by side it is impossible to see any difference. A trial will convince. Nestle Increase (100 pairs) \$9.99, \$12.99, \$15.99. In Boston, 100 pairs \$12.99, \$15.99, \$18.99. A pair of \$8.99, \$10.99, \$12.99 in Four Years. W. L. DOUGLAS \$4.00 GILT EDGE LINE. Worth \$6.00 Compared with Other Makes. The best imported and American leathers. Hugg's Patent Gait, Enamel, Box Gait, Vic Kid, Corona Gait, and National Kangaroo. Fast Color Eyelets. The genuine have "W. L. DOUGLAS" stamped on bottom. Made by mail, receiving. Price, Delivery free. W. L. DOUGLAS, 270 BROADWAY, N. Y. C.

WESTERN CANADA is attracting more attention than any other district in the world. "The Granary of the World." "The Land of Sun-shine." The richest feeding grounds for stock. Area under crop in 1908 1,497,300 acres. Yield 1908 117,822,794 bushels. Abundance of Water, Fuel, Pasture, Cheap Building Materials, Good Grass for pasture and hay, a fertile soil, a sufficient rainfall and a climate giving an assured and adequate season of growth. **W. L. DOUGLAS** FARMERS' WESTERN CANADA FREE. FREE. Clones in Ontario, Schools, etc. Builders to all settled districts. Send for Atlas and other literature. Representatives of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to J. G. Green, 222 E. 10th St., Minn., N. Y. M. A. Lumber, Hardware, etc., or to H. M. Williams, Law Building, Toledo, Ohio. Canadian Government Agents, who will supply you with certificates entitling you reduced railway rates, etc.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. **DR. E. G. GREEN'S** BOTTLE, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

POPULAR SCIENCE

A Novel Extension Table. When company comes to dine it is customary to insert an extra leaf in the table to provide the additional room necessary for the convenience of the guest, but at other times the box of leaves are somewhat of a nuisance around the house, and must be stored away wherever there is room, which generally means in the garret or basement. A much better plan is shown in the illustration below, the idea of Samuel Dusenbery of San Francisco, Cal. Instead of having a set of large leaves to be held in storage, with their well-known propen-



Slats Fold Inside the Table Top. sity to warp and refuse to fit smoothly when needed, the inventor provides a series of narrow slats, secured together by webbing, much after the manner of the roll-top to a desk. One of these slat curtains is attached to each of the inner edges of the separable top sections of the table, and when the top is closed the curtains slide underneath into slotted guides, as shown in the picture. To increase the size of the table to any desired length it is only necessary to separate the two top sections, when the slats will rise from the bed and arrange themselves level with the top. As the arrangement works automatically there is nothing to be done, but draw the ends as far apart as desired, or close them up altogether, the curtains arranging themselves accordingly.

Movements of the Stars. Some time ago Prof. Darwin of Cambridge pointed out that if a star revolved on its axis with a certain velocity the star would tend to divide into two and the form it would take before complete separation would be that of a dumb-bell, or rather two pears joined top to top. This deduction was purely theoretical. During the past two years an examination of the light changes of some recently discovered variable stars reveals this very condition of things. For example, one star in the southern sky goes through a certain regular series of light changes in seven hours, indicating that the star is a twin system, the two bodies composing it being in contact. This dumb-bell system revolves around the common center in seven hours. Then there is another variable star in the southern sky the light changes of which show that the two stars composing the system are no longer in contact. Separation has just taken place, the nexus between them is broken and two worlds, full born, have started on that outward spiral which in the course of ages will carry them far from one another.

Scarlet Fever Serum. The scarlet fever serum of Dr. Moser, of Vienna, is obtained from horses which have been injected with a mixture of germ cultures from various scarlet fever cases. Although still imperfect and difficult to obtain, the serum has been under test for two years, and has proved to have a specific curative value, giving speedy improvement, and preventing death if injected on the first or second day of the disease. The supply has been insufficient for all patients at the testing hospital, yet the mortality in 400 cases was reduced to less than 10 per cent, the average at other hospitals of the town being more than 13 per cent.

Golf in Parlor. Golfers who desire to play their favorite game in the parlor can now do so, a quick-witted inventor having fashioned the necessary apparatus. This apparatus, or game, consists of a board, a cup and obstructions which represent bunkers. The board is of flexible fabric and has an elastic surface, and on it are marks indicating a golf course. The cup represents one of the holes, and extends above the surface of the board, and the latter, when not in use, is so constructed that it can be rolled or folded into a small compass.

In a game of this kind a disc is used instead of a ball, and the aim of each player is to get it over the

course and obstructions and into the cup. Croquet, cricket and even baseball have been played in parlors, and there is no reason why golf should not prove equally attractive.

Weights of Coins and Bills. What is the relative weight of a one-dollar greenback and a five-dollar gold piece? How many one-dollar bills must you take to obtain the weight of the coin? It happened that this question has lately been put in a systematic fashion to the students of various colleges. Ninety-seven stu-

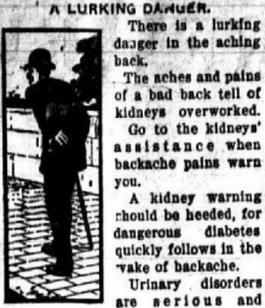
dents of Columbia university gave answers of which the average was 2,291—more than two thousand bills to weigh as much as the coin! A class of students in the University of Kansas gave answers that averaged 2749! The average of the replies of 162 women students of Smith college was 108. Let the reader stop here to make a guess—the correct answer is seven! The astounding lack of the commonest observation on the part of these students is the amazing fact what kind of a universe do they live in? What kind of attention do they pay to it? What is their capacity to change it so that it is fit to live in?

Exhaustion of Anthracite. The use of hard coal, says a writer in the New York Sun, has become so common that it is hard to comprehend how the community could be satisfied with soft coal. Yet the available supply of anthracite in America is so small that unless some other fuel be discovered, the use of bituminous coal must prevail within seventy-five years at the most. The anthracite fields of Pennsylvania will be exhausted within seventy-five years, and there is no other deposit of the sort in the United States of any importance. Europe has very little anthracite. Most of the Welsh coal is bituminous, though the coal of the western part of the South Wales field is hard coal. China has vast fields, however, compared with which our Pennsylvania field is but a dot on the map. The China fields underlie 40,000 square miles in Hunan, Honan and East Shansi.

Painting With Compressed Air. Painting by using compressed air to put on the paint instead of a brush is now an old story, but by some recent improvements in methods an invention has recently been made of a machine for house painting by which one man, according to the claims of the inventor, can cover from 20,000 to 25,000 square feet of surface per day, according to the efficiency of the operator, and the work will be equal to hand painting in point of appearance and a good deal more durable. An average day's work of the man with the bush is 1,000 square feet, or just about one-twentieth the surface covered by a machine in a corresponding period. The average labor cost of brush work is from twelve to fifteen cents per 100 square

feet; with this machine not over one cent for covering the same surface. The machine is illustrated in the accompanying cut from Mines and Minerals. The principal of operation is the compressing of air and liquid into a receptacle, while the compressed air discharges the liquid through the hose and special nozzle in the form of a fine misty spray. By means of the air pump a pressure of forty pounds may be obtained in the receptacle in two or three minutes, which can be increased to 150 pounds by the continued pumping in of the liquid. After this pressure has been obtained the machine will emit spray automatically for at least ten minutes without further operation of the pump to keep it in operation. The liquid will permeate every crevice and joint.

Oil as Fuel for Steam. Concerning the use of oil for fuel, on the American-Hawaiian line, operating a line of steamships between New York and San Francisco and Honolulu, the superintending engineer of the company has given out the following statement of a trip of the Nevada from San Francisco to Honolulu, made in October: "The boilers and engines were worked to their full capacity. Not a burner was stopped throughout the trip. The steam was kept at 200 pounds, with no variation of more than a pound or two. Ordinarily there was not the least sign of smoke from the stack. The boilers developed 2,500 horse power. Only 122 pounds of oil were used per indicated horse power. The consumption was 3,006 pounds, or nine and one-fourth barrels of oil and hour. The time of the trip was seven days and three hours, and the average hourly speed was 12.3 knots. Running with coal, we would have made one knot less speed. The advantage of oil over coal, as indicated by our experience, is that 20 per cent more power can be obtained from the same boilers. Not only this but the pressure is manipulated at the same point. There is a reduction in the cost for labor in the fire room. We save twelve men, instead of nine firemen we use three, and are obliged to have no coal passers, of whom we should require six if using coal."



A LURKING DANGER. There is a lurking danger in the aching back. The aches and pains of a bad back tell of kidneys overworked. Go to the kidneys' assistance when backache pains warn you. A kidney warning should be heeded, for dangerous diabetes quickly follows in the wake of backache. Urinary disorders are serious and Bright's disease is near at hand. Read how the danger can be averted. Case No. 15,741.—Re: Jacob D. Van Doren, of 67 Sixth street, Fond du Lac, Wis., Presbyterian clergyman, says: "A man or woman who has never had kidney complaint or any of the little ills consequent upon irritated or inactive kidneys knows very little about what prolonged suffering is. I had attacks which kept me in the house for days at a time, unable to do anything, and to express what I suffered can hardly be adequately done in ordinary Anglo-Saxon. As time passed, complications set in, the particulars of which I will be pleased to give in a personal interview to any one who requires information. I used plenty of remedies, and, ever on the outlook for something that might check or benefit my condition, I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills. This I can conscientiously say, Doan's Kidney Pills caused a general improvement in my health. They brought great relief by lessening the pain and correcting the action of the kidney secretions. A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine, which cured the Rev. Jacob Van Doren, will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price 50 cents per box.

County Clerk Elect Takes Bride. Schools, Ind., special: Frank Baker, county clerk elect, and Miss Lina Ross, a sister of S. M. Ross, a prominent merchant of this city, were married at the residence of the bride's mother.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25c.

The self-centered life comes to naught; the Christ-centered life ever continues in enlargement.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. King's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. Kilzer, Ltd., 51 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

There is no fool like a learned fool.—Italian proverb.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, relieves the pain, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures colic. 25c a bottle.

The supreme art of living may be summed up in giving.

HAVE YOU GOT RHEUMATISM?

YOU CAN BE CURED; FREE

A Scientific Discovery Which Will Revolutionize the Treatment of Rheumatism.



Deformity of the hands in general Chronic Articular Rheumatism. Type No. 1. Deformity of the hands in general Chronic Articular Rheumatism. Type No. 2.

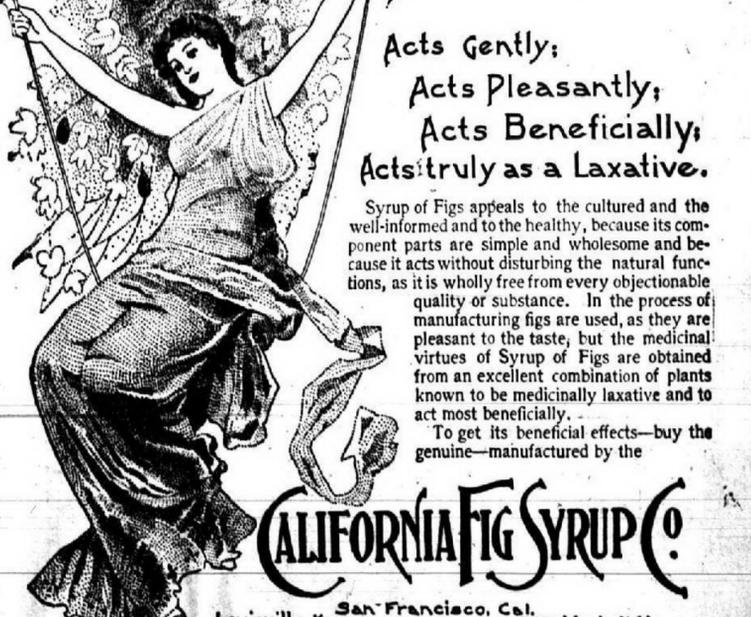
It is now possible to be cured of any form of rheumatism without having your stomach turned upside down or being half choked to death and made to vomit, and every sufferer from rheumatism should welcome this new and marvelous discovery with open arms and give it an honest trial. This new remedy was discovered by John A. Smith, Milwaukee, Wis., who is generous enough to send it free to every sufferer who writes at once. It is a home treatment and will keep you from your work. As you know, if you've tried them, every so-called rheumatic remedy on the market to-day, except this genuine cure, will cause you violent stomach pains and vomiting, and some of them are so dangerous they will cause heart trouble. And the worst of it is they never cure. When a person has rheumatism the constitution is so run down that he should be very careful what he puts into his stomach. If there are any persons to present a remedy that will cure every form and variety of rheumatism without one such unpleasant feeling. That remedy is "GLORIA TONIC." Before I decided to tell the world about the discovery of "Gloria Tonic" I had it tried on hospitalized patients, also on old and crippled persons, with perfect success. But some people never will believe anything until they know it from experience, so the best and quickest way is for you to write me that you want to be cured, and I will send you a box of "Gloria Tonic" free of cost. No matter what your form of rheumatism is—acute, chronic, muscular, inflammatory, deformant, sciatic, neuralgic, gout, lumbago, etc.—"Gloria Tonic" will surely cure you. Do not mind if other remedies have failed you, nor mind if doctors say you are incurable. Mind no one, but write me to-day sure. "Gloria Tonic" will stop those aches and pains, those inflammations and deformities, and cure you so that life will again be worth living. This offer is not for curiously seekers, but it made to rheumatics only. To them I will send a trial box of "Gloria Tonic" free. Never before has a remedy been so highly endorsed as "Gloria Tonic." It has been endorsed by such world-noted men as Dr. Quinero of the University of Venezuela, Hon. E. H. Furness, United States Consul, Maracibo; Prof. Macdonald of Surgeons' Hall, Edinburgh, the famous musician "Health" London, and a column of others. If you are a sufferer send your name to-day and by return mail you will receive "Gloria Tonic," and also the most elaborate book ever written on the subject of rheumatism, absolutely free. This book contains many drawings from actual life and will tell you all about your case. You get "Gloria Tonic" and this wonderful book at the same time, both free, so let me hear from you at once and soon you will be cured. Address JOHN A. SMITH, 129 Germania Building, Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.

30 Years Standby. Mr. U. H. Hazen, North Hero, Vt., writes: "Down's Elixir has been our standby for coughs, colds, &c., for more than 30 years. We are rarely without it in the house as it always does its work promptly." Henry, Johnson & Lord, Props., Burlington, Vt.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1908.

Philosophy is the salve of disappointment.

SYRUP OF FIGS



Acts Gently; Acts Pleasantly; Acts Beneficially; Acts truly as a Laxative.

Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality of substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially. To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N. Y. For sale by all druggists. Price, fifty cents per bottle.

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL FOR RHEUMATISM, LAME BACK, NEURALGIA, HEADACHE, EARACHE, CUTS, WOUNDS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS, SORE THROAT, DIPHTHERIA, SORES, ULCERS, AND ALL PAIN, SORENESS, LAMENESS, SWELLING AND INFLAMMATION SO.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

We have one of the best Grocery Departments in Chelsea and have the reputation of selling only the best. During January, only, we offer for cash as follows from this Department:

20 pounds best H. & E. Granulated Cane Sugar for \$1.00.
10 pounds for 50 cents or 5 pounds for 25 cents.

Best XXXX coffee 10c pound or 3 pounds for 25 cents.

Best Lion coffee 10c pound or 3 pounds for 25c

Our 18c roasted coffee 3 1/2-2 pounds for 50c.
This is better than any 20c coffee in Chelsea.

Absolutely the best coffee to be had in Chelsea, at any price, is a mixture of "half and half" of our 35c mocha and java, and our 25c combination. Now 25c pound. Try this mixture.

THE TAX IS OFF TEAS. NEW TEA.

Royal Satsuma Tea, best in Chelsea, always 50c, now 45c or 2 1/2 for \$1.00.

The same Tea you always buy in any store for 40c now 25c pound.

Very best Tea Dust or Siftings, always 25c, now 15c pound.

- Victor Starch (same as Electric) 8c
- Red Cross Starch, (same as Electric) 8c
- Muzzy Sun Gloss Starch, now 5c
- Muzzy Corn Starch now 5c
- 8 bars Jaxon soap for 25c
- 12 bars Kirks Rib soap 25c
- Armour's White soap (like Ivory) always 5c, now 3 for 10c
- 56 pounds best rock salt now 30c
- 1 gallon tin pail best table syrup now 33c
- 1-2 gallon tin pail best table syrup now 20c
- Extra quality rice 6 pounds for 25c
- 24 boxes parlor matches, wolverine brand for 25c

TOBACCOS.

- Pilot smoking 15c pound. Self Binder smoking 25c pound.
- Corn Cake smoking 25c pound.
- Prosit chewing 25c pound. Sweet Cuba chewing 35c pound.
- 3 plugs Jolly Tar for 25c. 3 plugs Standard Navy for 25c.

CEREAL FOOD.

- Maple-Flake 15c. Malta Vita 15c.
- Cream of Cereal 10c. Grain-O 15c.

Lemons, oranges, citron peel, raisins, currants, etc., at low prices.

All of our Groceries, canned goods, etc., in this department are just a little better quality than most other stores have, as the buying for this department is done with that end in view only, and no store has any better Groceries than are carried and sold by us in this department.

You can't afford to buy Groceries at the old "regular prices" during our January sale. These Grocery prices are for cash only, or butter and eggs at the highest market prices. Compare these prices with those you have been paying.

We would especially call the attention of those customers that have been getting "so called" reduced prices, or "club prices" on Groceries to this sale.

CLOTHING 1-4 OFF.

- Cloaks at 1-4 to 1-2 off.
- Lace Curtains 1-4 off.
- All women's shirt waists, silk or woolen 1-4 off.
- REMNANT SALE. TABLE LINEN REDUCED.
- Special prices on Shoes.
- Reduced prices on Carpets and Rugs.
- BLANKET SALE.
- January Sale of Underwear.
- Hosiery Sale this Month.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns and Publications

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 50 cents; 25 cents; 10 cents.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

PERSONAL.

John Greening spent Monday at Ann Arbor.

Melvyn Hathaway spent a few days at Milan.

George Turck spent New Years at Plymouth.

Senator Frank P. Glazier left for Lansing Monday.

Rev. Albert Schoen was an Ann Arbor visitor Tuesday.

D. Clark spent several days of last week at Howell.

Mrs. F. P. Glazier is spending the week at Lansing.

A. W. Chapman was an Ann Arbor visitor Wednesday.

Ernest Weber spent the first of the week at Battle Creek.

Mrs. J. W. Schoen and daughter spent New Years at Jackson.

Erasmus Cooper of Grass Lake was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

E. L. Pickell of Detroit spent the first of the week at this place.

Glenn C. Stinson is in Lansing, where he will remain for some time.

Misses Nora Daley and Bessie Ross spent Wednesday in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. D. E. Sparks and son, Burnett, of Detroit spent Sunday at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Hoag of Ann Arbor were Chelsea visitors Saturday.

C. S. Durand of Detroit spent New Year's Day with Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker.

Mrs. J. I. Nickerson of Adrian is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. F. S. Welch.

Mrs. Davis of Morenci is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cole.

Prof. F. Gorton and son of Ypsilanti were the guests of Henry Gorton Saturday.

Frank Howlett of Pontiac was the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Grace Congdon, Monday.

Miss Belle Bird and brother Garfield of Romulus spent the past week with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Peck of Holly spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. Perry Barber.

Mrs. J. C. Taylor entertained her brother, G. A. Kirkland, of Iosco the first of last week.

L. K. Taylor and family of Detroit visited Mrs. H. M. Taylor and other relatives here last week.

Mrs. Agnes Raffrey of Toledo spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wade of Lima.

Patrick O'Connor of Whitmore Lake spent the first of the week with his daughter, Mrs. John Greening.

Mr. and Mrs. Milo Hunter spent several days of last week with their daughter, Mrs. C. E. Clark, at Ypsilanti.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Waltrous and Mr. and Mrs. Herman Pierce attended Pierce-Jones wedding at Norvell last Thursday.

E. A. Schmidt and Mr. Eckhardt of Cleveland were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Schmidt several days of last week.

Tuesday, the Misses Nellie Congdon and Lucy Leach resumed their school duties at Grass Lake, after a two weeks' vacation.

Miss Harnedetta F. Raffrey and little brother Walter of Toledo spent part of last week with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Wade of Lima.

On New Year's day, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bagge entertained Mr. and Mrs. John Bagge, Mr. and Mrs. Lorenz Bagge, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Bagge and Miss Olla Wackenhut.

SHARON.

Elmer Gage spent the past week at his home here.

Ashley Holden now rides in a new portland cutter.

Fred Treat spent the first of this week in Adrian.

Miss Hattie Feldkamp spent last week with friends in Manchester.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Servis were guests of his parents on New Year's day.

Mr. and Mrs. Gage spent New Year with her mother, Mrs. H. Main.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Wurster and son of Sallie visited here a part of last week.

Miss Alta Lemm leaves home this week to attend the school of music at Ann Arbor.

Miss Emelie Graf of Ann Arbor was the guest of A. H. Kuhl and family last Sunday.

Miss Edith Shaffer had the misfortune to slip and fall last Thursday, breaking her arm.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Dorr visited in Norvell and Napoleon the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Hewes returned last Friday from a visit with relatives in Marshall.

The social at J. R. Lemm's on New Year's eve was well attended and much enjoyed by all.

Friends of Andrew Ernst will be pleased to learn that he has greatly improved in health.

Misses Francis Saley of Bridgewater and Agatha Scheffold of Ann Arbor were guests of Misses Martha and Bertha Kuhl last week.

SYLVAN.

Andrew Hafley spent Sunday at Bridgewater.

Mrs. Lewis Hayes and son, Herman spent Sunday at Manchester.

Miss Rose Wasser spent the past week with relatives at Chelsea.

Olo Hinselang of Chelsea spent part of last week with H. Heim.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Fisk and Mr. and Mrs. F. Smith spent Monday at Jackson.

Mrs. Geo. Steinbach of Lima spent Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Chris Forner.

Fred and Charles Spaulding of Shaftsbury spent last week with Mr. and Mrs. J. Kern.

Charles and Noah West of Lock spent the first of the week with their father in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Smith of Danville spent the past week with her sister, Mrs. H. Fisk and family.

Miss Millie Boyer who spent the past few days with her cousin, Miss Elizabeth Heselchwerdt, has returned to her home at Fitchburg.

Report of school in District No. 4, Sylvan for the month ending Dec. Attending every day. Helen Kern, Willie Hafley, Albert Fahrner, Linda and Oscar Kalmbach Standing 95. Albert Fahrner, Inez Ward, Helen Kern; 90 Henry Forner, Harrison West; 85 Oscar Kalmbach, Lawrence Heselchwerdt, Myra Wolf, Theodore Wolf, Bertha Young; 80 Willie Hafley George Knoll, Fern Kalmbach, Oscar Kalmbach, Helen Kern have not missed a word spelling during the month Lida Guthrie, Inez Ward, Joseph Knoll, Albert Fahrner, Bertha Young missing but one. Oscar Kalmbach spelled the sixth grade down twice, Albert Fahrner and Fern Kalmbach each, once; Joseph Knoll and Helen Kern have each spelled the seventh grade down twice.

UNADILLA.

School began Monday.

E. L. Hadley was in Waterloo Friday.

Yot Bulls made a business trip to Jackson Monday.

Kate Barnum visited her aunt in Stockbridge last week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Teeples spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. F. Niles and family.

Messrs. Fred and Charles Spaulding of Ingham County have been visiting their uncle J. Kern.

Ban and Bertha Marshall have returned home from a weeks visit at Michigan City, Ind.

Henry Wolfe, who has been suffering from blood poisoning in his hand is convalescent at this writing.

Mrs. A. H. Kuhl left for Ann Arbor Wednesday to have her eye treated. She has a cataract growing over it.

Misses Mame and Pauline Reno returned home last week after visiting in Williamston, accompanied by their cousin, Vern Leeman, who is now visiting relatives and friends here.

There was an old-time Christmas gathering at Geo. Peckens'. Those who were present were F. Lehman and family, G. Chadwick and family of Sharon, and C. Bentwick and family of Grass Lake. After partaking of a bountiful dinner they all retired to the parlor and indulged in games and music until a late hour, when they all returned to their homes.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Andrew Kappeler of Sharon, Washtenaw County, the eighth day of March A. D. 1898, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1902, in Liber 106 of Mortgages on Page 283, by which default the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative, on due to this date the sum of one hundred eighty one and 80/100 dollars and the sum of twenty five dollars as an attorney fee as provided in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, and no proceeding at law or in Chancery having been instituted to recover the debt so secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed on Tuesday the 24th day of March, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the East door of the Court House in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County of Washtenaw, (said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court for said County of Washtenaw) by sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, of the premises described in said mortgage as follows, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of Land, situate and being in the Township of Sharon, in the County of Washtenaw, and State of Michigan and described as follows, to wit:

The North East quarter of the North West quarter of section number twenty (20), containing forty acres of land, be the same more or less. All in Township number three, South Range number three East.

Dated, Chelsea, Mich., December 24th, 1902.

MATTHEW E. KEELER,
Mortgagee.

Turnbull & Witherell,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Business address, Chelsea, Mich.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

For the Year ending December 31, A. D. 1902, of the condition and affairs of the

Northwestern Washtenaw Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company

Located at Chelsea, organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and doing business in the County of Washtenaw, in said State.

JOHN CLARK, President.
GEO. T. ENGLISH, Secretary.
P. O. Address of President, Chelsea.

MEMBERSHIPS	
1	Number of members December 31, of previous year..... 841
2	Number of members added during the present year..... 16
3	Total..... 856
4	Deduct number of members withdrawn during the year, and policies canceled by reason of sale or otherwise..... 17
5	Number of members now belonging to company..... 839

RISKS	
1	Amount of property at risk December 31, of previous year..... \$627,071
2	Amount of risks added during present year..... 25,795
3	Total..... \$652,866
4	Deduct risks canceled, withdrawn or terminated..... 45,655
5	Net amount now at risk by company..... \$607,211

RESOURCES	
4	Cash on hand..... \$ 7.75
5	Assessments of past year uncollected..... 12.60
7	Nature and amount of all other resources, fees retained by officers..... 25.28
8	Total available resources..... \$45.63

LIABILITIES	
1	For losses due and payable..... \$125.48
2	For losses not matured..... 16.52
5	Total liabilities..... \$142.00

RECEIPTS	
3	Cash collected on assessments levied during the year..... \$607.55
4	Cash collected on assessments levied in prior years..... 58.95
5	Cash for membership or policy fees..... 28.85
6	Cash from increased or decreased insurance..... 1.00
9	Total cash receipts..... \$696.35
10	Add cash balance at close preceding year..... 91.62
11	Total receipts..... \$787.97

DISBURSEMENTS	
1	Losses actually paid during the year (of which \$9.80 occurred in prior year)..... \$621.79
2	Salaries and fees paid to officers and directors (Schedule A)..... 94.24
5	Assessments charged off as uncollectible (carried inside)..... \$10.80
7	All other disbursements (Schedule B)..... 57.12
8	Total expenses actually paid during the year..... \$773.15

SCHEDULE A		SCHEDULE B	
Name of Officer or Director to Whom Paid.	Amount.	Items of "All Other Expenses."	Amount.
W. B. Collins, director.....	\$10.50	Postage account.....	\$ 8.93
N. W. Laird, director.....	7.87	Printing account.....	12.75
Russell Parker, director.....	3.75	Incidental account.....	40.44
Chas. Rogers, director.....	5.50		
Leander Easton, director.....	7.87		
C. D. Johnson, director.....	15.75		
R. O. Buckelew, president.....	4.50		
Geo. T. English, secretary.....	13.50		
Geo. T. English, secretary salary.....	25.00		
Total Schedule A.....	\$94.24	Total Schedule B.....	\$57.12

MISCELLANEOUS QUESTIONS

- How many assessments have been made during the year? Ans. One.
- What is the amount of all the assessments made during the year? Ans. \$611.33.
- What is the rate per cent of such assessments on the property insured? Ans. \$1.00 per thousand.
- What amount of losses or expenses are allowed to accumulate before an assessment is levied? Ans. Not stated.
- Does the company in making an assessment provide therein for any surplus fund over the actual losses accrued? Yes. If so how much? Ans. \$200.
- What is the aggregate valuation of real property insured by the company? Ans. \$607,211.
- What proportion of damage or actual loss sustained on real property does the company pay? Ans. Two-thirds.
- What is the aggregate valuation of personal property insured by the company? Ans. Not separated from real.
- What proportion of damage or actual loss sustained on personal property does the company pay? Ans. Two-thirds.
- Are all risks examined before written? Yes. By whom? Directors or Secretary.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, }
County of Washtenaw, } ss.
John Clark, President, and Geo. T. English, Secretary of said Company, do, and each for himself doth depose and say, that they have read the foregoing statement, and know the contents thereof, and they have good reason to believe, and do believe said statement to be true.

JOHN CLARK, President.
GEO. T. ENGLISH, Secretary.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, at Chelsea, in said State and County, this third day of January A. D. 1903.

H. D. WITHERELL,
Justice of the Peace in and for Washtenaw County, Mich.

STATISTICS OF LOSS

Jan. 5, house and personal, Ed and Clara Dolan, unknown	\$913.40	\$608.99
April house damaged, R. B. Waltrous, defective stove pipe.	5.00	not adjusted
June 15, horse, Celina J. Burch, lightning.....	75.00	50.00 due and payable
July barn damage, John Row, lightning.....	6.00	4.00 not matured
July barn damage, Philip Broeseamle, lightning.....	4.50	3.00
Aug. 1, horse, Louis E. Taylor, lightning.....	100.00	66.66 due and payable
Dec. 27, house and personal, Thomas McQuillan, unknown.	18.80	13.52 not matured
July 4, house and personal, Patrick Walsh, lightning.....	13.25	8.82 due and payable

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Fifth Annual Meeting of the Northwestern Washtenaw Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co. will be held in Foresters' Hall, McKune Block, corner Main and Middle streets, in the village of Chelsea, at two o'clock P. M., Wednesday, January 14, 1903. Directors for the townships of Lima and Solo, also a President, and Secretary are to be elected, and such other business as may come before the meeting. All members are requested to be present.

GEO. T. ENGLISH, Secretary.

SWEEPING REDUCTIONS

IN
**BLANKETS, COMFORTABLES,
OUTING FLANNELS.**

ALSO IN
Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes

To make room for spring stock.

We can save you money in buying winter goods of us.

The Chelsea Dry Goods & Shoe Co.

"YOUR MONEY IS NO GOOD"

and will be refunded to you if after using half a bottle of



RHEUMATISM and BLOOD CURE

you are not satisfied with results. This is our guarantee, which goes with every bottle.

For Sale and Guaranteed Only By Glazier & Stimson.

The crowned heads of every nation, the rich men, poor men and misers. All join in paying tribute to DeWitt's Little Early Risers. H. Williams, San Antonio, Tex., writes: Little Early Risers Pills are the best I ever used in my family. I unhesitatingly recommend them to everybody. They cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Torpid Liver, Jaundice, malaria and all other liver troubles. Glazier & Stimson.

The Chelsea Roller Mills

WHEAT	WILL PAY
Wheat old	66c
Wheat new, good	66c
Oats	30c
Corn	56c
Buckwheat	60c

AND SKILL

Feed, per hundred	\$1.50
Rye feed, per hundred	\$1.10
Cob meal, per hundred	\$1.10
Corn and oats, guaranteed to be absolutely free from cob or any other foreign substance, per hundred	\$1.25
Meal, per hundred	\$1.35
Middlings, per hundred	\$1.10
" " ton	\$20.00
Bran, per hundred	\$1.00
" " ton	\$18.00
Screenings	\$1.00

We want all the Buckwheat within 25 miles of Chelsea and will pay a rate above the market.

We guarantee to you the fullest satisfaction in our feed grinding department. We have a fine cob crusher. Give us a trial.

L. H. NORTON & CO.

Try The Standard's Want Column.

The Chelsea Standard.

SUPPLEMENT—JANUARY 8, 1903.

HARNESS AT 1-4 OFF.

OUT OF THE STEINBACH STOCK

Beginning Friday, January 9th until Saturday January 17th I will offer for sale at 1-4 off the regular price the entire line of

Single and Double Harness

consisting of 18 single and 6 sets double, all fresh, new stock. Also all

Robes, Blankets and Overcoats

and the entire stock of International Stock Food.

This is a genuine 1-4 off sale and will last eight days. Let everybody in need of anything in the above line avail themselves of this unheard of opportunity. Never before has there been a 1-4 off sale on Harness.

W. J. KNAPP.

Our assortment of

Watches, Clocks, Rings, Brooches, Charms, Chains,

spectacles of all kinds, gold pens, etc., is complete and prices as low as the lowest. Call and examine our goods.

A. E. WINANS,
JEWELER.

Repairing of all kinds neatly and promptly done on short notice.



SHOES. Built to fit the feet, yet combining style with blissful comfort are the kind you will always get at **FARRELL'S.**

GROCERIES. Staples at close-out prices that reduce living expenses to the lowest terms. Remember, we are never undersold by anyone. Try us.

JOHN FARRELL.

PURE FOOD STORE

UNCONSCIOUS FROM CROUP.

During a sudden and terrible attack of croup our little girl was unconscious from strangulation, says A. L. Spafford, postmaster, Chester, Mich., and a dose of One Minute Cough Cure was administered and repeated often. It reduced the swelling and inflammation, cut the mucus and shortly the child was resting easy and speedily recovered. It cures Coughs, Colds, LaGrippe, and all Throat and Lung troubles. One Minute Cough Cure lingers in the throat and chest and enables the lungs to contribute pure, health-giving oxygen to the blood. Glazier & Stimson.

One-fourth off on all patent medicines at the Bank Drug Store.

NEW CENTURY COMFORT.

Millions are daily finding a world of comfort in Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It kills pain from burns, scalds, cuts, bruises; conquers ulcers, and fever sores; cures eruptions, salt rheum, boils and felons; removes corns and warts. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25c at Glazier & Stimson drug store.

HEADS SHOULD NEVER ACHES.

Never endure this trouble. Use at once the remedy that stopped it for Mrs. N. A. Webster, of Winnie, Va.,— she writes "Dr. King's New Life Pills wholly cured me of sick headaches I have suffered from for two years." Cure headache, constipation, biliousness. 25c at Glazier & Stimson drug store.

FRANCISCO.

Mrs. M. Hatt is on the sick list. Erie Notten spent Tuesday at Jackson.

Miss Nina Notten spent Saturday at Ypsilanti.

Will Seid of Jackson spent New Year's at home.

Frank and Adolph Kruse spent last week at Chicago.

Misses Nerissa and Dorritt Hoppe have returned to Trenton.

Mrs. Buddenbaum left Monday to visit friends at Cincinnati.

Miss Mabel Notten of Grass Lake spent New Year's at home.

Misses Emma and Bertha Seid of Jackson spent Sunday here.

Miss Anna Benter of Jackson spent New Year's with relatives here.

Burleigh and Giesener Whitaker spent a few days of last week at Durand.

Carl Mensing has returned to Ann Arbor after spending his vacation here.

Mr. and Mrs. L. McCarter of Schultz are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. M. Hatt.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Notten of Jackson spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Notten.

Claton and Hazel Corwin of Grass Lake spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gieske.

Mrs. Oren Burg of Ann Arbor spent a few days of last week with Miss Mary Broesamle.

Vera and Alba Gage of Sylvan spent vacation with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Hoppe.

Mrs. M. Hatt was called to Grass Lake Saturday to care for her daughter, Mrs. A. Collins, who is seriously ill.

The young people of the German M. E. church have organized a Junior League: Officers, Mrs. L. Katterhenry, superintendent; L. Kalmbach, president; E. W. Kalmbach, vice president; Rena Notten, secretary; F. I. Schweiufurth, treasurer; Linda Kalmbach, organist.

The children and grandchildren of Henry Lammers, gave him a very pleasant surprise at his home in Francisco, Saturday, January 3d, it being his eightieth birthday. His daughters, Mrs. Simon Weber of Sylvan, Mrs. Edward Doll of Lyndon, and son Alfred Lammers of Waterloo, all being present. A bountiful dinner was served and enjoyed by all. It was late in the afternoon when the guests departed feeling the day was well spent and wishing Mr. Lammers many more happy birthdays.

Too late for last week.

Mrs. John O'Donnell of Jackson passed a few days of last week with her parents; Mr. and Mrs. J. Rowe.

Geo. Seid is visiting his parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Dewitt Main are visiting relatives here.

J. Kalmbach of Kalamazoo is spending his vacation at home.

Miss Eva Main and Mrs. Bertie Ortbring spent Tuesday last at Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Walz of Root's Station passed Sunday with their parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Scherer are spending the holidays with their parents at Watervliet.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Berry of Grand Ledge are spending the holidays with relative here.

Wm. Euper of Woodland passed the greater portion of last week with his uncle J. J. Musbach.

Mrs. Benter and daughter of Jackson were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Notten Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Velte and family of Woodland, Mr. and Mrs. H. Lehman and family, Mr. and Mrs. G. Beeman and family of Waterloo, Mrs. A. Snyder and family of Stockbridge, Wm. Euper of Woodland, Mr. and Mrs. H. Musbach, Mr. and Mrs. M. Horning spent Christmas at the home of J. Musbach.

FREEDOM.

Born on Sunday, December 28th, to Mr. and Mrs. C. Koebbe, a daughter.

Mrs. Caroline Koffberger spent a part of last week with friends in Grass Lake.

A. H. Breitenwisher of Ann Arbor spent Christmas with his parents here.

Miss Nellie Castellen of Battle Creek spent Christmas at the home of Gust Feldkamp.

Born, on Wednesday, December 31st; to Mr. and Mrs. Philip Feldkamp, a pair of twins.

The Misses Cora and Ella Reno and Erella Kress of Jackson are home over the holidays visiting their parents.

The Christmas entertainment at the town hall, given by district No. 3 was largely attended and enjoyed by all.

Twenty years is a long time, but that is the way they warrant silver-plated knives and forks at the Bank Drug Store.

Many of the ills from which women suffer can be completely cured with Rocky Mountain Tea. Rich, red blood, good digestion and health follow its use. 35 cents. Glazier & Stimson.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

NOTICE.

I will be at home every day in the week to grind corn, also cob crushing. Satisfaction guaranteed. Oats and corn meal \$1.50 per hundred, delivered.

B. STEINBACH.

GOOD RESOLUTIONS

Are the order of the day.

Our Resolutions Are:

- [1]. To give the best quality at the lowest price.
- [2]. To guarantee satisfaction to our customers.
- [3]. To hold our old trade.
- [4]. To gain new trade.

This is How:

- 7 pounds new California prunes for 25c
- 2 pounds evaporated apricots for 25c
- 1 bushel good spy apples for 40c
- California navel oranges at 20c, 25c, 35c and 50c dozen
- Fancy Florida Oranges at 35c and 40c dozen
- Fancy Florida tangerines at 30c dozen
- Good roasted rio coffee at 11c pound
- Good roasted santos coffee at 13c pound
- Golden rio coffee at 15c
- Fancy blended coffee at 20c pound
- Standard Mocha and Java coffee at 25c pound
- Finest Japan tea at 50c pound
- Pillsbury's flour at \$2.15 per 100 pounds
- Pure buckwheat flour at 3c pound

1-4 off on all Vase Lamps until February 1st.

FREEMAN'S.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Frank Leach has been appointed deputy by Sheriff Gauntlett.

School opened Monday, after being closed for the holiday vacation.

Born Monday, January 5, 1903 to Mr. and Mrs. M. Howe, a daughter.

Whooping cough has a strong hold upon the children of this village.

The Baptist and Congregational churches are observing the week of prayer.

Mrs. H. M. Twamley has moved to Detroit where she will make her home.

Born, on Wednesday, January 7, 1903, to Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Lehman, a son.

The guards of the L. O. F. M. M. are requested to meet at Macabee hall Saturday evening, January 10th.

T. W. Mingay has purchased the residence on Madison street, which was recently erected by E. G. Hoag.

Rev. F. L. Currey of Dexter will exchange pulpits with Rev. F. A. Stiles of the Baptist church next Sunday.

The annual meeting of the Washenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co. will be held on Wednesday, January 14th.

The students, who have been spending the holiday vacation with their parents here, have all returned to the duties.

The C. E. Society will give a free social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman Friday evening. Everybody invited.

The annual election of directors of the Chelsea Savings Bank will be held Tuesday, January 13, 1903. Polls open from 9 to 4 o'clock.

Captain John Haarer, president of Ann Arbor's common council, was united in marriage to Miss Clara Bessinger of Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Mrs. Emeline Thompson, widow of the late Morris Thompson of Lima, died January 3, 1903, after an illness of five days, aged 72 years.

Frank Leach has purchased the farm of Albert Johnson in Dexter township. Consideration, \$3,000. Mr. Johnson intends to move to Chelsea.

The Young People's Society of St. Paul's church will give a box social at the home of M. Schable of Lima, Wednesday evening, January 14th.

Hallings have been placed on the court house steps. This is something that will be appreciated by those who have business there these slippery days.

Wm. Doan of Dexter township lost a barn and contents by fire Wednesday night of last week. Insured in the N. W. W. F. M. Ins. Co. for \$350. Cause of fire unknown.

The Methodist society has been observing the week of prayer this week, but instead of holding the services in the church, have held cottage meetings at the homes of a number of the members.

Report of school district No. 2, Lima, for the month ending December 19, 1902. The following have an average standing of 90 per cent: Archie, Mabel, Maude Wille and Warde Coe, Anna and Rosa Lucht; Edna and Esther Beach, Bata and Mata Klein, Ervin Spiegelberg, Ezra Heininger and Clarence Bahnmiller. Wille, Warnie, Maude, Archie Coe and Ezra Heininger have not been absent or tardy during the month. Rosa Lucht, Ervin Spiegelberg and Ezra Heininger were promoted from sixth to seventh grade. Genevieve Young, teacher.

There will be a meeting at the town hall next Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of discussing the best sugar question. Prominent speakers will be present. All interested should be present.

W. B. Sumner has been engaged to act as janitor at the school building. B. Hawley, who has been janitor for the past two years, is suffering from a stomach trouble and is unable to continue the work.

The Modern Woodmen and Royal Neighbors will give a social entertainment, at their hall Wednesday evening, January 14, from 8 o'clock to 12. Light refreshments will be served. Admission 10 cents. All are cordially invited.

The use of parlor matches in the city of New York has been prohibited. Finkney Dispatch. Owing to the scarcity of fuel, it is said that there will not be as many parlor matches made in Michigan this winter as formerly.

A paper was received here this week from Santa Cruz, Cal., in which we find Juyler Barton, formerly of Lyndon, had recently been elected corresponding secretary of the local Y. P. S. C. E., and had been acting as juror in a prominent case.

Sunday's Detroit Free Press contained the portraits of four generations of one Chelsea family. They were Mrs. Sarah Dancer, great-grandmother; Mrs. H. L. Wood, grandmother; Mrs. G. P. Staffan, mother, and Frank Wood Staffan, son. The entire number are residents of Chelsea.

Raney Scott left this morning for a fine trip. After reaching San Francisco he will embark on a sailing vessel for the Sandwich Islands where he will visit for some time. He will then proceed to China, Japan and the United States possessions near the Asiatic coast. He has not decided upon how long he will be gone.—Washtenaw Times.

Monday evening, January 26th, the Quinlan & Wall Imperial Minstrels will be at the Athens Theatre, Ann Arbor. The fact that Wm. Freer of this place, is musical director of this company makes its coming so near home of interest to Chelsea people. This organization is without question the largest and finest equipped minstrel company on the road.

About twenty of the friends of E. A. Williams met at his home on Park street, Tuesday evening, and helped him celebrate the forty-eighth anniversary of his birth. The evening was passed in social intercourse and in making way with the dainty luncheon which had been prepared. The company left a handsome willow rocker as a memento of the occasion.

There will be a one-day farmers' institute at Lyndon township hall Friday, January 16th. N. P. Hull of Dimondale, state speaker, will be present. The subjects for discussion are, "Cultivation and rotation of crops," "Crops for the dairy farm," "Selection and care of the dairy herd," "Stock feeding, beef and pork," "How to get the most out of the farm," "Farmers' Organizations."

Mrs. G. P. Staffan and Mrs. J. E. McKine entertained a number of their friends at the home of the former on South street New Year's eve. Progressive pedro was indulged in until the guests were invited to the prettily decorated dining room, where refreshments were served. The affair was a very pleasant one, and all departed after the old year had passed away, wishing their hostesses a happy new year.

The Chelsea Telephone Co. has declared a semi-annual dividend of \$1.00 per share, payable January 10th. The company is considering the proposition of putting in farmers' lines, the later to build the lines and the company to furnish phones and give them connection with their lines at \$7 per year. They are about to install a new switchboard, having outgrown the capacity of the present board. This will make the fourth change that the company has been compelled to make in this regard since starting business.

WATERLOO.

O. Gorton spent Monday in Jackson. Born to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kentschler, on January 5th a son.

Garfield and Belle Bird of Wayne spent Sunday at L. L. Gorton's.

Mrs. Kingsley of Hastings is visiting her mother, Mrs. Patrick Bush.

John Howlett and wife and Emory Rowe spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. Rowe.

Will Artz went to Jackson Monday to act as jurymen for the January term of court.

Rev. Sheldon of Hilldale is assisting Rev. H. S. Cooper in revival meetings held at the U. B. church this week.

Wm. Norgate, and wife of Ann Arbor, Spencer Howlett and wife, Wm. Howlett and wife, and James Howlett and wife spent New Year's with Mr. and Mrs. E. Rowe.

The annual meeting of the Rural Telephone Co. will be held in the rooms over the store, Saturday, January 17th at 10 o'clock. Dinner will be served by the ladies of the church.

New Year's day was the occasion of a very pleasant surprise at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Artz of Waterloo. About twelve o'clock all of their children and grandchildren took possession of their peaceful hearth, and loaded their spacious table with all the luxurious viands of a prosperous time; and, as a reminder of their thirtieth wedding anniversary, presented them with a beautiful mantle clock. Just as the clock told the hour, the following guests gathered round the table: Mr. and Mrs. J. Frinkle and children, and Mr. and Mrs. A. Mosek and daughter of Mounth; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Artz and son of Waterloo. Late in the day when the goodbyes were said the air rang with "There's no place like home."

NORTH LAKE.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Lighthall spent Sunday at H. Glenn's.

Mrs. O. P. Noah returned from Greenville where she spent the holidays.

Mrs. W. Glenn visited her daughter, Mrs. Griffith of Chelsea last week.

O. C. Burkhardt and family and Mrs. E. Johnson of Chelsea spent New Year's at E. W. Daniels'.

CLOSING OUT SALE.

All Ready-to-wear Garments in our women's, misses and children's Ready-made Department must be

Closed Out This Month.



Every ladies' fur jacket, cloth jacket, cloth cape, plush cape will get the knife.

Every ladies' black suit; colored suit and odd skirt must yield to the same treatment.

YOU HAVE NEVER SEEN THE VALUES SHOWN HERE.

Every new jacket in the house reduced to one-half the regular retail price.

All jackets a little out of date will be sold in two lots at \$2.50 and \$5.00.

Ladies' \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00 and \$22.00 Suits will all go in one lot at \$10.00.

Greater Bargains and more of them in this store than ever shown before.

COME AND LOOK.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

"The Big Store."



Chelsea Lumber & Produce Co.

Sell all kinds of roofing. Standard mineral asphalt roofing. Union combination asphalt roofing, Torpedo gravel asphalt roofing, Winigas A asphalt roofing, Winigas B asphalt roofing, Three-ply black diamond prepared roofing.

White pine, red and white cedar shingles, brick, tile, lime, cement.

Farmers' market for all kinds of farm produce.

Get our prices--we will save you money.

Yours for square dealing and honest weights.

Chelsea Lumber & Produce Co.

Office, corner Main street and M. C. R. R.

Bear, Deer, Foxes, Quail, Partridge, Squirrels

and other game are easily killed, and in large quantities, with Guns and Ammunition bought of us.

PLUMBERS.

We have a first-class plumber and solicit a share of your patronage.

Tubular Well Driving and Repairing promptly attended to.

GEO. H. FOSTER & CO.

MONEY FOR YOU.

Do you want to sell a mortgage or a note, sell or buy a farm, loan money on good security, build a house and pay it on the installment plan? Do you want an administrator, guardian or your estate closed up in the shortest possible time, with the least possible expense? If so call on Kalmbach & Parker. Office in Kempf Bank.

For the finest perfumes, toilet soap, hand lotion, tooth preparation, etc., go to the Bank Drug-Store. They are always pleased to make special order for anything not in stock, without extra charge.

Filch Cards and Ping Pong sets at the Bank Drug Store.

It's pretty hard to define real beauty. Rare and beautiful women everywhere owe their loveliness to Rocky Mountain Tea. 25 cents. Glazier & Stimson.

Twenty years is a long time, but that is the way they warrant silver-plated knives and forks at the Bank Drug Store.

Proverbs

"When the butter won't come put a penny in the churn," is an old time dairy proverb. It often seems to work though no one has ever told why.

When mothers are worried because the children do not gain strength and flesh we say give them Scott's Emulsion.

It is like the penny in the milk because it works and because there is something astonishing about it.

Scott's Emulsion is simply a milk of pure cod liver oil with some hypophosphites especially prepared for delicate stomachs.

Children take to it naturally because they like the taste and the remedy takes just as naturally to the children because it is so perfectly adapted to their wants.

For all weak and pale and thin children Scott's Emulsion is the most satisfactory remedy.



We will send you the penny, i. e., a sample free.

Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., N. Y. 25c and \$1.00; all druggists.

CUT PRICES

On Ladies' and Gents'

Furnishing Goods

AFTER

January 1, 1903

AT

J. S. CUMMINGS'

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods and Staple Groceries.

We pay the Highest Market Price for Butter and Eggs

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

Special prices in all departments for the next 30 days.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Try The Chelsea Standard for 1903.

It is suggested that the way to reform football is to play football with the foot.

The Sultan is doubtless an interested spectator of the joint effort to make Castro cough up.

It is a hopeful sign that more corporations did the Santa Claus act this year than ever before.

The cheapest thing in a dry goods store is the man who has to stand around and wait for his wife.

Prof. Charles Eliot Norton is having his portrait painted. "Sunny Jim" should be inserted somewhere.

The Spanish treasury is not expecting a deficit. Wonder of wonders! The age of miracles is not yet ended.

Still, when it comes to postponing the payment of bills Castro is a very good imitation of the Sultan of Turkey.

A corner in potatoes, as you were about to say, would simply mean that the consumer must dig deeper to get them.

In Kansas a woman was jilted by a man because she was a candidate for office against him and she won. So there now!

Marconi says that he has reached the height of his ambition. And the girl he was engaged to is married to another man.

Three hundred and fifty thousand cultured Chicagoans visited the fat stock shows, and there was glory enough for all.

They have found that the buckeye, properly prepared, is a wholesome and nutritious article of food. This is another Ohio idea.

In one point at least Venezuela rather has the start of us. She can have 104 separate societies of daughters of her revolutions.

The Sultan of Morocco is not bothering about the coal question. There is a pretender over that way who is making it warm for Muley.

A gun fanatic at the head of the greatest gun factories in the world will make the former references to the timid and gentle sex a trifle uncalled for.

Five Crows, an Indian chief in Oregon, drank himself to death. He will not be missed, as there are at least five Pat Crows scattered about the earth.

Two hundred and six English mill hands have died during the past year. And the world is running along just as smoothly as if they had been day laborers.

The New York paper which referred to Tom Reed's failure as a failure would confer a favor by educating a few more statesmen to be similar failures. They're needed.

The Nile dam, which has been completed with the expectation that it will increase the wealth of Egypt \$120,000,000 annually, is a good thing, a very good thing.

The New Jersey mechanical engineer who has invented a method of converting the latent heat of the atmosphere into power ought to hurry up and get it on the market.

Detroit doctors stretched the neck of a gentleman in the hope of restoring him to reason. Thus are the methods adopted by far western vigilance committees ultimately utilized, by science.

Mrs. Lillie Devereux Blake says there are in this country 2,500,000 unmarried men who couldn't have wives if they wanted them. It is pretty hard, however, to set some bachelors to thinking.

Venezuela has had 104 wars in seventy years. The number would undoubtedly have been larger if it had not been for rain and darkness and other circumstances that were beyond human control.

A son of James J. Hill has been discharged from one of his father's offices because he was tardy in reporting for work. Here is one young man who does not seem willing to let the old man crown him king.

District Attorney Jerome says: "Give me the man who pulls off his coat and works far into the night." Mr. Jerome appears to be getting over his old dislike of new men; or was it burglars he had a mind?

The young women of an Indiana telephone exchange struck with anger against the tyranny and oppression of their male employers and later returned to work, each with a nice box of candy. The tyrants must have smiled.

The steel trust is evidently making money when it can afford to pay \$45,000,000 for two steel plants without cutting off the payment of dividends to its stockholders. What a dividend! A few shares of steel stock would make...

THE NEWS OF MICHIGAN.

New Road to the Thumb.

G. R. Lovejoy, of Lenox, is working up a scheme for a steam railroad, north and west through the "thumb" to Bay City, and has applied to the Detroit Chamber of Commerce and Board of Trade for assistance. Mr. Lovejoy says the road will certainly be built from Emmett through Sanilac Center to Bay City, whether he gets any help from Detroit or not, as bonds have been donated, but if Detroit will either give a \$100,000 bonus or float that amount of bonds he will bring the road to Lenox, 39 miles from Detroit, where connection can be made with this city over the Grand Trunk. If the road stops at Emmett it will connect there with the Chicago & Grand Trunk, and trade that would otherwise come to Detroit will be diverted.

He Was Acquitted.

Friends of Ira Pressley, the former resident of Peck, Mich., who has been on trial for the murder of his wife at Missoula, Mont., are pleased to learn that the jury has rendered a verdict of acquittal, and that he is once more a free man. Confidence in his innocence was the feeling of all residents of Peck, and at no time has any fear been felt that circumstances could be so incriminating as to cause his conviction. The jury was out nearly six hours, but it is claimed only three ballots were taken, the first standing ten for acquittal and two for manslaughter. Pressley has written for his intention of returning to Superior, where he was living when his wife was killed, and resuming his work there.

Burned Out Brady Barracks.

At 2 o'clock Saturday morning fire was discovered in the barracks in the east wing in the new barracks at Fort Brady, and by 7 the entire structure was in ashes. The barracks were occupied by the 1st battalion of the 14th Infantry, under orders to leave for the Philippines, Feb. 15. The troops are temporarily quartered in the old officers' buildings. The loss on the building will reach nearly \$75,000. It is thought that the barracks will be rebuilt soon.

Careless Shooting.

While hunting Saturday afternoon, Henry Hoon, of Camden, accidentally shot Charles Rogge, Jr., and Earl Persons. The three had separated to different parts of the woods. Hoon thought his companions some distance away and fired into the bushes, but they were much nearer than he had supposed. The charge struck them squarely in the face. The shot had been cut from Persons' face and no serious danger is expected. Rogge, however, was hit in the eye, and will probably lose his sight.

Shockingly Mangled.

Ernest Trochenbrod, an employe of the Michigan Wood Pulp Co., was almost instantly killed Tuesday afternoon. He was in the act of replacing a belt on a pulley in the company's paper mill, when he became entangled in the belt, and was thrashed about in a terrible manner. His body was bruised and mangled in a shocking manner. Trochenbrod, who was assistant engineer, was 22 years of age, and is survived by a mother, three brothers and one sister.

Nichols for Contempt.

The acquittal of George H. Nichols, of Ionia, in the Circuit Court at Grand Haven, on a charge of subornation of perjury does not entirely remove him as defendant in the alleged attempt at bribing F. H. Garman.

Judge Newham announced that the charge against Nichols for contempt of court in the alleged attempts to tamper with witness Garman during the Salisbury trial in the Superior Court would be taken up in the very near future.

Michigan Cut Out.

It is admitted by coal dealers that the coal trust has cut Michigan out of the territory to be supplied with anthracite. This action was taken three weeks or more ago and since that time hard coal has been withheld on the ground that Michigan residents have soft coal nearby and can get plenty of this variety of fuel, while other states cannot.

How Was It Made?

At the meeting of the state board of assessors Friday to hear the protest of the Michigan Central railroad against its assessment, Attorney Henry Russell stated that according to the company's annual report the valuation of their property in Michigan has made it \$27,000,000. The assessors have placed it \$47,000,000 and Mr. Russell says he wants to know on what basis they figured to reach their conclusions.

The Court Makes Money.

During the year just closed sufficient funds were made and fines assessed and paid to net the municipal court of St. Joe \$12,200 and the entire expenses, including salaries and rental. The total receipts were a trifle over \$4,000. Under the old system of justices of the peace the police court business was a constant drain on the finances of the city.

Willie Gray and Johnny Sutton, of Lewistown, both aged 12 years, have been sentenced to the reform school for five years. They broke into a poor widow's house and destroyed her property.

Mrs. Fred Perry, of Salt Lake City, Utah, formerly Miss Mabel Eddy, and a sister of Mrs. Fred Baker, both at one time residents of Menominee, is to benefit by the bestowal of an estate worth several million dollars. Her husband, a lawyer, has received \$1,000,000 as his share of an estate left by a bachelor uncle at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Nichols Acquitted.

After being out one hour and a half the jury in the Nichols case returned a verdict of not guilty Wednesday night. It was a popular verdict, the court room resounding with cheers when rendered. Nichols broke down and wept. With tears rolling down his cheeks he shook hands with each juror. His mother and wife also shook the jurors' hands. Nearly all jurors were weeping too.

Sid Clark, a pioneer resident of the county, was foreman of the jury. The verdict could have been rendered much sooner as the jurors were unanimous from the start in the belief that Nichols was innocent. Judge Padgham's charge, taking two hours, was very fair. Nichols, his family and attorneys held a public levee in the Outer House hotel.

Ex-Senator Nichols was charged with tampering with members of the grand jury in the famous Grand Rapids water scandal case. By change of venue the case was tried in Grand Haven.

Game Warden Report.

Game Warden Morse reports that in December, 1936 complaints of violations of the game and fish laws were investigated, the result being 56 arrests, 40 convictions, 6 acquittals, and 2 dismissals, with 8 cases still pending. Thirtysix of the arrests were for violations of the game laws and 21 for violations of the fish laws. The total amount of fines and costs imposed was \$365.81. There were 15 seizures of contraband fish and game, which were disposed of in accordance with the orders of the court.

The report shows that there were fewer violations of the fish laws reported than for any previous month of the year, a fact which Warden Morse says speaks well for the general observance of these laws, but more especially for the care exercised by commercial fishermen in the observance of the immature fish law, which means so much for the perpetuation of their industry.

Coronary's Mystery.

An unsuspected tragedy resulted from the fire which destroyed three workmen blocks in Corona last week. Workmen clearing away the debris came upon the skull and bones of a man who evidently lost his life in the blaze.

The origin of the fire has never been satisfactorily decided, and the various theories advanced have met with incredulous smiles from those who are readiest to suspect a selfish interest in securing insurance. It is now thought possible that the remains are those of a burglar who accidentally set the fire, or was caught in a trap after lighting it for the purpose of destroying evidence of his crime.

So far as known no one is missing from this section.

Must Pay the Fee.

The Sanitary Food Co. is a concern holding a charter under the laws of South Dakota, but with headquarters and a factory at Benton Harbor. It is capitalized at \$500,000, but tried to file its articles with Secretary of State Warner at Lansing, and pay its franchise fee on but \$50,000, claiming that it should pay only on the actual property it owned in this state. Secretary Warner took a different view of the matter, however, and the company will have to pay a franchise fee on its entire capitalization of \$500,000 if it wants to do business in Michigan.

Witness Too Ill to Appear.

Mrs. Loretta McElwan, one of the witnesses in the case of Dr. Roy W. Griswold, is so ill with heart trouble that she may not be able to appear. Dr. Griswold is charged with complicity with Edwin T. Bennett in causing the death of Agnes Eberstein, and Mrs. McElwan is the nurse who attended the girl in her late illness. At the Bennett trial she appeared to be suffering greatly, but it was developed she was shamming. However, recent developments indicate that her illness was not feigned and that it is so serious that she may not recover.

Detroit Will Sell Coal.

Detroit is going into the coal business and supply the people with anthracite and soft coal at cost prices. Advertisements will be inserted in the newspapers calling for tenders on from 1,000 to 10,000 tons of anthracite chestnut coal, from 1,000 to 10,000 tons of smokeless soft coal, and from 1,000 to 10,000 tons of Jackson Hill or Hocking Valley coal. The bids will be opened in five days. The local tenders will be accepted for immediate delivery, and the city will sell the coal to all citizens at cost price.

A Social Sensation.

A social sensation has been caused by the announcement of the marriage of Miss Grace Smith, daughter of a prominent Niles family, to Roy Bloom, employed as a molder at the Beckwith Stone works, Dowagiac. The marriage took place several days ago, and was kept secret until today. The parents of the young bride did not favor the suit of young Bloom, but Miss Smith was very much in love and determined.

Stanton expects to have a pickle factory next spring.

The question of bonding for fire protection will be submitted to the voters of Lakeview at the spring election. About three weeks ago triplets were born to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cummings, of Williamston. All three of the children got along finely until Wednesday of last week, when two of them suddenly sickened and died, and Friday the third one followed them.

Henry L. Pratt, one of the oldest players of the township of Riley in Clinton county, is dead at the age of 72 years. He came to Clinton county at the age of 21 from Lansborough, Mass., and had long been a well known citizen.

A Quarter Million.

Gen. H. M. Duffell and Daniel J. Campau, of Detroit; Justus S. Stearns, of Ludington; E. J. Anthony, of Negaunee; and Gen. B. D. Fritchard, of Allegan, constituting the soldiers' and sailors' monument commission appointed by Gov. Bliss in accordance with a joint resolution of the last legislature, have selected a design submitted by Lloyd Bros., of Toledo, for a monument to be erected in the state capital grounds. The design calls for a granite shaft 197 feet high and 18 feet wide at the base. The commission selected a site at the southeast entrance to the state house grounds. The estimated cost of the monument is \$250,000, but it is believed that it can be erected for slightly less than that sum. The commission will recommend that the appropriation be limited to \$250,000.

Who Was Killed First.

Heirs of Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Penwarden, of Grand Rapids, who were killed in the Grand Trunk wreck last week, are lining up for a contest over the estate. The residence here is worth about \$5,000 and was held jointly. If Mrs. Penwarden died first, and one theory is that she did by several minutes, the property goes to the doctor's relatives. Mrs. Penwarden's relatives claim her husband died first, and therefore the property goes to them. It is expected representatives of both families will be in Grand Rapids this week.

Governor's Message.

Gov. Bliss arrived in Lansing Monday morning and went direct to the capitol and set to work on the revision of proofs of his message to the legislature, which will be read probably Thursday.

"It's going to be longer than I intended," he said. "Longer than the last message."

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Stuaw Gun, a Chippewa Indian, is dead at his home on Molasses river, aged over 100 years.

New York's postoffice receipts for 1902 were \$12,425,789, an increase of more than \$1,300,000 over 1901. The profit was \$8,021,764.

Geo. Allen has confessed that he stole two horses from the Weber farm near Granger, and fired the barn to conceal his crime.

The appointment of Henry E. Chase as deputy under Attorney General Blair was made Friday. He has held the position eight years.

Ex-Mayor Paterson, who has erected a six-story brick block in Flint, contemplates erecting an up-to-date opera house adjoining his proposed new hotel.

It is denied that the Marquette prison clears enter into competition with union labor or that the product of the penitentiary shop is sold within the state.

The Nashville council has granted a license for another saloon. For many years there has only been one saloon, though the town has nearly 1,200 inhabitants.

Prosecuting Attorney Brown announced that the result of the Nichols' trial will have no effect upon the trial of Wm. Leonard upon a similar charge.

Rev. J. B. McMichael fell dead in the pulpit of the United Presbyterian church at Sugar Creek, O., Thursday night. He was formerly president of Monmouth, Ill. college.

While on his way to a train in Holland John Ackerman, a traveling man, was held up by two thugs, armed with revolvers. After reflecting him of his grip and \$30 in cash they let him go.

A rear-end collision occurred on the Pere Marquette road at McCords, 14 miles south of Grand Rapids, Wednesday, by which two passenger trains were damaged and several persons injured.

The county clerk of St. Joseph issued last year 1,490 marriage licenses, 15 less than for 1901 and 20 more than the year previous and 400 more than in 1899, when the big marriage license run was started.

The torpedo boat destroyer MacDonough exceeded her contract in her trial of 28 knots an hour in her trial spin off Provincetown, Mass., yesterday. She was built by the Fore River Ship & Engine Co., of Quincy, Mass.

Officer Herman Schmidt, of Bay City, who several weeks ago shot and fatally wounded Edward Moudy while trying to arrest two members of a suspected gang of safe blowers, will not be tried on a charge of manslaughter. Moudy had declared on his death bed that it was his intention to shoot the officer.

"Topsy," the bad elephant, was electrocuted at Coney Island Sunday, after having first been given a dose of 200 grains of cyanide of potassium concealed in a carrot. A current of 6,000 volts was turned on through copper plates on which the animal stood. A big crowd witnessed the execution.

Secretary Baker, of the state board of health, says that during the week ending Dec. 27, compared with the preceding week, smallpox increased about 60 per cent in the number of places at which it was reported in Michigan. Because of its mildness and its not being promptly recognized, it is believed that it will continue to spread.

Arthur Hughes, a Menominee woodsman, was seized with a acute attack of neuralgia while at work in the woods, and horse medicine was the only kind at hand. Almost instantly on applying the liniment began burning and before he could wipe it off it had left a blister everywhere on the face it had touched. One side of the face was left entirely devoid of skin.

For the first time in the history of the Connecticut river an attempt was made to blow up an ice jam. The bridge between Hartford and East Hartford was in danger of being swept away by the ice that extends to the river bottom. Twenty pounds of dynamite was used at each blast. When it was discharged, ice cakes were thrown 300 feet in the air.

John Hackel, of Newark, N. J., was preparing to fire a salute in honor of the new year, when the shotgun was prematurely discharged. Mrs. J. Neldorf, Mrs. J. Neldorf, Mrs. J. Neldorf, and Peter Werna were seriously wounded.

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD.

Operators Take Revenge.

The Boston Commercial Bulletin, one of the leading and best informed financial papers in the east, which has always sympathized with the coal operators rather than with the miners, makes three sensational statements in an editorial:

The operators are making the cost of the strike out of the consuming public because of the latter's sympathy with the striking miners, a sympathy which, from a later point of view, seems to have been misplaced, as witness the absolute inconsiderateness of the many holidays which these miners have taken since the strike was nominally declared off.

Our best information is that the strike is not settled and will be resumed with renewed vigor in the spring, and that the price of anthracite coal for the next few years will be abnormally high.

That the operators are making money is shown most conclusively by the steady advance in the market value of the stocks of the coal carrying roads.

Was a Bigamist.

It develops that Wilson Morton, of Chicago, one of the victims of the Wanstead, Ontario, wreck, was a bigamist. His first wife lives on Falls avenue in Toronto, and the second resides in Hamilton. The first marriage took place in Toronto in 1874, and the second in Hamilton in 1877, 1901.

The Hamilton woman was Miss Morley Munton, and she married Morton on the strength of an alleged divorce obtained by the latter in Chicago, Morton's wife No. 1, on learning of her husband's death, lost no time in making a claim for the body, and the Grand Trunk authorities giving up possession, together with any documents and baggage, the body was brought to Toronto, and the funeral took place on Tuesday.

The Hamilton woman, who is only 22, is expected to claim the estate and also any damages that may be due from the Grand Trunk railway, on the ground that she was Morton's legal wife. Morton was about 52 years old.

White House Reception.

President Roosevelt's New Year's reception was one of the most brilliant events in Washington's recent social history. All callers were afforded the opportunity of greeting the president and Mrs. Roosevelt and exchanging with them the compliments of the new year.

No distinctions were made except such as were rendered necessary in the preservation of order; and the greetings extended to all high and low, rich and poor—were alike cordial and sincere.

The general public, for the first time, had an opportunity to see the widely heralded improvements in the White House—improvements which when completed will have cost about \$600,000. To many familiar with the interior of the mansion as it was a year ago the changes made were a revelation.

They Get Coal.

The investigations begun in Chicago Tuesday of the alleged conspiracy to load back coal from consumers are bearing fruit, according to Attorney General Hamlin.

"There is more coal in the yards now than there was 24 hours ago," said he. "In fact, relief is coming so rapidly that I do not believe we shall be forced to begin any proceedings against the companies."

Cleveland Chamber of Commerce figures show that \$41,168 more tons of soft coal remained in the city in 1902 than in 1901. These figures refute the statement of the retail coal dealers, who have declared that it was the scarcity of coal which had increased the price.

Millions Couldn't Save Her.

Mrs. Wm. A. Clark, Jr., of Butte, Montana, died at 4:30 o'clock Wednesday morning. Mabel Foster Clark was born 23 years ago near Pittsburgh, Pa., the daughter of John H. Foster, who came to Pittsburgh nearly 17 years ago. On June 19, 1901, she was wedded to Wm. A. Clark, Jr., youngest son of Senator W. A. Clark. Her baby boy, for whom she gave her life, was born December 2, and won the \$1,000,000 offered by Senator Clark for his first grandson. The little one's condition is excellent.

Mrs. Clark was 21 years old at the time of her wedding, and was a very handsome young woman.

She Is Dead.

Miss Stella Ewing, of Rome, N. Y., one of the ossified women who for 10 years have been living wonders to physicians and scientists, died Tuesday, aged 39 years.

At an early age she was afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism, which physicians failed to relieve. At the age of 25 she lost the use of her limbs, and eminent specialists said she was gradually turning to stone. During the last ten years of her life Miss Ewing was totally blind and unable to move a muscle.

A sister, Mrs. Emma Ewing Palmer, is afflicted in the same manner.

The project of building a chieftain factory at Gageton is being again abated.

Cholera is depopulating the Moro village on the east shore of Lake Lanao, Mindanao. The disease also prevails at Bacolod. At Maclin the deaths average 50 a day.

Tate Lively, W. I. Mann and Willis Brown, three boys, were drowned at Evansville, Ind., Thursday. They were skating on a pond when the ice broke. Their bodies were recovered.

Sheriff Foster and posse, after a long running fight, captured James Mark and Wm. Evans, supposed to be the men who robbed the Mulhall, Okla., postoffice Sunday morning. One of the men had in his possession \$10,800 in cash, including \$248 in pennies.

Postoffice Discontinued.

The postmaster at Indianola, Miss., is Mrs. Minnie W. Cox, a colored woman. She served three years as postmaster under President Harrison. When President McKinley came in she was again appointed in 1897, nearly six years ago. Her character and standing in the community are indorsed by the best and most reputable people in the town.

Among those on her bond is the present democratic state senator from the district, together with the leading banker of Indianola and ex-state senator from the district, also a democrat. The postmaster and her husband own from \$10,000 to \$15,000 worth of property in Sunflower county. The reports of postoffice inspectors who have investigated the office from time to time show that she has given the utmost satisfaction to all the patrons of the office; that she is at all times courteous, faithful, competent and honest in the discharge of her duties. Her moral standing in the community is of the highest. Her reputation is of the best. Few offices of this grade in any state are conducted better.

For all this under threats from the lawless element who demanded it, she resigned. Her color was the sole reason of the president the following was sent to the bondsman:

"The postmaster's resignation has been received but not accepted. In view of the facts, the postoffice at Indianola is closed. All mail for that place will be forwarded to Greenville. The case will be referred to the attorney-general."

If Cuba, Then Germany.

It has been indicated to the president that in the event of the ratification of the Cuban treaty a demand may be expected from Germany within 30 days for concessions similar to those accorded Cuba under the most favored nation clause. The German emperor regards Cuba as a German foreigner to the United States, and so far as that point is concerned, on all fours with Germany.

The request may take the form almost of a demand. If it be not granted, the fear is expressed that Germany may initiate legislation that will be inimical to the industrial development of this country.

The same argument is applied to other countries, Germany being used simply as an example of what may be expected of all of the great foreign nations with which the United States has extensive commercial relations.

The president, it is understood, still believes that the pending treaty with Cuba will be ratified.

Callers at the White House Tuesday noticed that President Roosevelt had a mark over one eye that looked as if he had been splitting kindling wood and a splinter had flown the wrong way. Of course nobody asked him how it happened, but the facts of it are out just the same.

Gen. Leonard Wood, who was colonel of the Rough Rider regiment in the Santiago campaign, of which Roosevelt was lieutenant-colonel, is a very dear friend of the president. Wood and the president like athletic exercise and they have been having it by engaging in contests in one of the big rooms of the White House every evening, fencing with sticks.

Gen. Wood gave the president unintentionally a hard rap over the eye with his stick. That is why the president has a mark over his eye that amuses him a good deal more than Gen. Wood, who gave it to him.

Central American Activities.

The volcano of Santaloga, about eight miles from Granada, is shooting out fire and at night illuminates the heavens for many miles.

Monulmou, near the seacoast, is belching forth smoke.

Isalto in Salvador shoots forth smoke and lava every half hour and at night forms a brilliant spectacle as its molten metal runs down the mountain side in a stream of fire.

The inhabitants of Guatemala City fear that the volcano at Atitlan will break out at any time.

The seacoast and ocean for many miles is strewn with marble stone from the volcano Santa Maria.

King of Saxony Dying.

The German specialists who were called to attend the king of Saxony held a consultation Saturday and issued a bulletin declaring his condition to be critical. It is believed at Dresden that there is little hope for the king's living more than a few days.

The attending physicians are stimulating his majesty with quinine. The king's heart action is feeble and his temperature vacillates 51-2 degrees in half a day, falling to 91-2.

His majesty's condition has grown worse through the insistence of the business, through the insistence of the business.

Nine hours instead of ten hereafter will be considered a working day in all of the iron works of Portland, Ore., without any reduction of wages.

James H. Robin, president and principal stockholder of the bank of Silverton, Colo., has disappeared and the bank is closed. Its capitalization is \$300,000, liabilities \$300,000.

Unless union men are employed by the contractors now making alterations in New York's city hall, all union men employed on city work will be called out, tying up work on the new East river bridge, the new hall of records and all the new school houses.

A stereopticon gas tank exploded during a Christmas entertainment at the French Evangelical M. E. church at Chicago. People were hurled from their seats and Louis Compoud, Mrs. Mary Linder and Peter Linder were seriously injured. Many others were badly bruised. A wild panic followed the explosion, men, women and children hurrying to get out of the building.

Wife of a Drunkard.

The first notable case under the licensing act, which went into effect Thursday, came up in a London police court Friday, when Sir Charles Allen Lawson, the Anglo-Indian newspaper editor and writer, applied for a summons against Lady Lawson, whom he described as a habitual drunkard. The summons was granted either a husband or wife secured a separation in the case of habitual drunkenness, and allows the police to arrest an inebriate anywhere except in a private house, whether disorderly or not.

Pacific Cable Goes.

The first section of the Pacific Cable Co.'s cable was completed Thursday night, when the two ends were brought together in Molokai channel, 35 miles from Honolulu, and Hawaii is now 2,000 miles nearer the parent continent. A large crowd had gathered and the announcement was received with cheers. Judge Cooper, representing Gov. Dole, who was absent from the island, sent a message to President Roosevelt announcing the opening and extending a greeting from the citizens of Hawaii.

The Bow of Orange Ribbon

A ROMANCE OF NEW YORK

By AMELIA E. BARR

Author of "Friend Olivia," "I, Thou and the Other One," Etc.
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CHAPTER VIII.—(Continued.)

"Come, friends and neighbors," said Joris cheerily, "I will sing you a song; and every one knows the tune to it, and every one has heard their vaders and their mothers sing it—sometimes, on the great dikes of Vadersland, and sometimes in their sweet homes that the great Hendrick Hudson found out for them. Now, then, all, a song for

MOEDER HOLLAND.
We have taken our land from the sea,
Its fields are all yellow with grain,
Its meadows are green on the sea—
And now shall we give it to Spain?
No, no, no, no!

We have planted the faith that is pure,
That faith that the end we'll maintain;
For the word and the truth must endure,
Shall we bow to the pope and to Spain?
No, no, no, no!

Our ships are on every sea,
Our honor has never a stain,
For law and our commerce are free:
Are we slaves for the tyrant of Spain?
No, no, no, no!

Our sons of Batavia, the spade—
The spade and the pike and the main,
And the heart and the hand and the blade,
Is there mercy for merciless Spain?
No, no, no, no!

By this time the enthusiasm was wonderful. The short, quick denials came hotter and louder at every verse; and it was easy to understand how these large, slow men, once kindled to white heat, were both irresistible and unconquerable. Every eye was turned to Joris, who stood in his massive, manly beauty a very conspicuous figure. His face was full of feeling and purpose, his large blue eyes limpid and shining; and as the tumult of applause gradually ceased, he said:

"My friends and neighbors, no poet am I; but always wrongs burns in the heart until plain prose can not utter them. Listen to me. If we wring the Great Charter and the right of self-taxation from Mary in A. D. 1477; if in A. D. 1672 we taught Alva, by force of arms, how dear to us was our maxim, 'No taxation without representation,'

Shall we give up our long-cherished right?
Make the blood of our fathers in vain?
Do we fear any tyrant to fight?
Shall we hold out our hands for the chain?
No, no, no, no!

Even the women had caught fire at this allusion to the injustice of the Stamp Act and Quartering Acts, then hanging over the liberties of the Province; and Mrs. Gordon looked furious and not unkindly at the latent rebels. "England will have foemen worthy of her steel, if she turns these good friends into enemies," she reflected.

The emotion was too intense to be prolonged; and Joris instantly pushed back his chair, and said, "Now, then, friends, for the dance. Myself I think not too old to take out the bride."

Neil Semple, who had looked like a man in a dream during the singing, went eagerly to Katherine as soon as Joris spoke of dancing. "He felt strong enough," he said, "to tread a measure in the bride's dance, and he hoped she would so far honor him."

"No, I will not, Neil. I will not take your hands. Often I have told you that."

"Just for to-night, forgive me, Katherine."

"I am sorry that all must end so; I cannot dance any more with you; and then she affected to hear her mother calling, and left him standing among the jocular crowd, hopeless and distraught with grief.

CHAPTER IX.

Katherine's Decision.

Joanna's wedding occurred at the beginning of the winter and the winter festivities. But amid all the dining and dancing and skating there was a political anxiety and excitement that leavened strongly every social and domestic event. The first Colonial Congress had passed the three resolutions which proved to be the key note of resistance and of liberty. Joris had emphatically indorsed its action. The odious Stamp Act was to be met by the refusal of American merchants to sell to import English goods, or to sell them upon commission, until it was repealed. Homespun became fashionable. The government kept its hand upon the sword. The people were divided into two parties, bitterly antagonistic to each other. The "Sons of Liberty" were keeping guard over the pole which symbolized their determination; the British soldiery were swaggering and boasting and openly insulting patriots on the streets, and the "New York Gazette" in flaming articles was stimulating to the utmost the spirit of resistance to tyranny.

Still in spite of this home trouble and in spite of the national anxiety, the winter months went with a delightful peace and regularity in the Van Heemskirk household. Neil Semple ceased to visit Katherine after Joanna's wedding. There was no quarrel and no interruption to the kindness that had so long existed between the families, but Neil never again offered her his hand; and such conversation as they had was constrained, and of the most conventional character.

As Hyde grew stronger he spent his hours in writing long letters to his wife. He told her every trivial event he commented on all she told him, and her letters revealed to him a soul so pure, so true, so loving, that he vowed "he fell in love with her afresh every day of his life."

One exquisite morning in May Katherine stood at an open window looking over the garden and the river, and the green hills and meadows across the stream. Her heart was full of hope. Richard's recovery was so far advanced that he had taken several rides in the middle of the day. Always he had passed the Van Heemskirks' house and always Katherine had been waiting to rain down upon his uplifted face the influence of her most bewitching beauty and her tenderest smiles.

As she happily mused, some one called her mother from the front hall. On fine mornings it was customary to leave the door standing open; and the visitor advanced to the foot of the stairs and called once more, "Lysbet Van Heemskirk! Is there nobody in to bid me welcome?" Then Katherine knew it was Madam Semple; and she ran to her mother's room and begged her to go down and receive the caller. For in these days Katherine dreaded Madam Semple a little. Very naturally, the mother blamed her for Neil's suffering and loss of time and prestige; and she found it hard to forgive also her positive rejection of his suit.

And towards Neil, Joris had a secret feeling of resentment. He had taken no pains to woo Katherine until some one else wanted her. It was universally conceded that he had been the first to draw his sword, and thus indulge his own temper at the expense of their child's good name and happiness. So, below the smiles and kind words of a long friendship, there was bitterness. If there had not been Janet Semple would hardly have paid that morning visit; for before Lysbet was half way down the stairs, Katherine heard her call out:

"Here's a bonnie come of. But it is what a' folks expected. 'The Dauntless' sailed the morn, and Capt. Earl wi' a contingent for the West Indies station. And who wi' him, guess you, but Capt. Hyde, and no less? They say he has a furlough in his pocket for a twelve-month; more like it's a clean total dismissal. The guide ken it ought to be."

So much Katherine heard, then her mother shut the door of the sitting room. A great fear made her turn faint and sick. Were her father's words true? The suspicion once entertained, she remembered several little things which strengthened it. Her heart failed her; she uttered a low cry of pain, and tottered to a chair like one wounded.

It was then ten o'clock. She thought the noon hour would never come. Eagerly she watched for Bram and her father; for any certainty would be better than such cruel fear and suspense. And, if Richard had really gone the fact would be known to them. Bram came first. For once she felt impatient of his political enthusiasm. How could she care about liberty poles and impressed fishermen with such a real terror at her heart? Joris was tenderly explicit. He said to her at once: "The Dauntless" sailed this morning. Oh, my little one, sorry I am for thee!

"Is he gone?" Very low and slow were the words; and Joris only answered, "Yes."

Without any further question or remark, she went away. They were amazed at her calmness. And for some minutes after she had locked the door of her room, she stood still in the middle of the floor, more like one that has forgotten something, and is trying to remember, than a woman who has received a blow upon her heart. No tears came to her eyes. She did not think of weeping or reproaching, or lamenting. The only questions she asked herself were: "How am I to get life over? Will such suffering kill me very soon?"

About two o'clock Lysbet went to Katherine. The girl opened her door at once to her. There was nothing to be said, no hope to offer. The mother did not attempt to say one word of comfort, or hope, or excuse. She only took the child in her arms, and wept for her.

"I loved him so much, moeder."

"That could not help it. Handsome and gallant and gay he was."

"And he did love me. A woman knows when she is loved."

"Yes, I am sure he loved thee."

"He has gone? Really gone?"

"No doubt is there of it. Stay in thy room, and have thy grief out with thyself."

"No; I will come to my work. Every day will not be the same. I shall look no more for any joy; but my duty I will do."

They went downstairs together. The clean linen, the stockings that required mending, lay upon the table. Katherine sat down to the task. Resolutely, but almost unconsciously, she put her needle through and through. Her suffering was pitiful; this little one who a few months ago would have wept for a cut finger, now silently battling with the bitterest agony that can come to a loving woman—the sense of cruel, unexpected, unmerited desertion. So for an hour, an hour of speechless sorrow, they sat. The atmosphere was becoming intolerable, like that of a nightmare; and Lysbet was feeling that she must speak and move, and so dissipate it, when there was a loud knock at the front door.

Katherine trembled all over. "To every day of his life."

day I cannot bear it, mother. No one can I see. I will go upstairs."

Ere the words were finished, Mrs. Gordon's voice was audible. She came into the room laughing, with the smell of fresh violets and the feeling of the brisk wind around her. "Dear madam," she cried, "I entreat you for a favor. I am going to take the air this afternoon; be so good as to let Katherine come with me. For I must tell you that the colonel has orders for Boston, and I may see my charming friend no more after to-day."

"Katherine, what say you? Will you go?"

"Please, mijn moeder."

"Make great haste, then." For Lysbet was pleased with the offer, and fearful that Joris might arrive, and refuse to let his daughter accept it. She hoped that Katherine would receive some comforting message.

"Stay, not long," she whispered, "for your father's sake. There is no good, more trouble to give him."

"Well, my dear, you look like a ghost. Have you not one smile for a woman so completely in your interest? I promised Dick this morning that I would be sure to get word to you."

"I thought Richard had gone."

"And you were breaking your heart that is easy to be seen. He has gone, but he will come back to-night at eight o'clock. No matter what happens, be at the riverside. Do not fail Dick; he is taking his life in his hand to see you."

"I thought he had gone—gone, with-out a word."

"Faith you are not complimentary! I flatter myself that our Dick is a gentleman. I do, indeed. And, as he is yet perfectly in his senses, you might have trusted him."

"When will Richard return?"

"Indeed, I think you will have to answer for his resolves. But he will speak for himself; and, in faith, I told him that he had come to a point where I would be no longer responsible for his actions. I am thankful to own that I have some conscience left."

The ride was not a very pleasant one. Katherine could not help feeling that Mrs. Gordon was distrustful and inconsistent; and, towards its close, she became very silent. Yet she kissed her kindly, and drawing her closely for a last word, said, "Do not forget to wear your wadded cloak and hood. You may have to take the water; for the councillor is very suspicious, let me tell you. Remember what I say—the wadded cloak and hood; and good-by, my dear."

"Shall I see you soon?"

"When we may meet again, I do not pretend to say; till then, I am entirely yours; and so again good-by."

The ride had not occupied an hour; but, when Katherine got home, Lysbet was making tea. "A cup will be good for you, mjin kind." And she smiled tenderly in the face that had been so white in its woeful anguish, but on which there was now the gleam of hope. And she perceived that Katherine had received some message; she even divined that there might be some appointment to keep; and she determined not to be too wise and prudent, but to trust Katherine for this evening with her own destiny.

That night there was a meeting at the town hall and Joris left the house soon after his tea.

For an hour or more Katherine sat in the broad light of the window, folding and unfolding the pieces of white linen, sewing a stitch or two here, and putting on a button or tape there. Madam passed quietly to and fro about her home duties, sometimes stopping to say a few words to her daughter. When Lysbet was ready to do so, she began to lay into the deep drawers of the presses the table-linen which Katherine had so neatly and carefully examined. Over a pile of fine damask napkins she stood, with a perplexed, annoyed face; and Katherine, detecting it, at once understood the cause.

(To be continued.)

BOTH HOOKED SAME FISH.

And the Incident Caused Bad Feeling Between Anglers.

Funny things happen in bass fishing. Toward the close of the season William Hammeyer of Winneconne, Wis., was fishing from a boat with his friend, G. B. Hamilton of Peru, Ind. They were on Fox Lake and fishing was not good, which made them eager.

Hammeyer got a strike, fastened his fish and began to reel in strongly, determined to land his catch without loss of time. Hamilton got a strike and did the same thing. They had been an hour without a bite and had no leisure or inclination to watch one another. The first fish after an hour's casting is apt to get on the nerves.

When the bass was close to the boat Hammeyer discovered that he was bringing in his friend's line and said:

"We're tangled! Let out a little line till I get this fish in."

Hamilton discovered the tangle at the same time and said the same thing. They glared at each other and reeled furiously.

With a jerk that ought to have loosened all of its scales a pound bass came out of the water. Hammeyer's weedless hook was fastened in one side of its jaw, Hamilton's was fastened in the other. They lifted the bass in and looked at one another. They agreed without words to call it a partnership fish.

Both men had cast at the same instant, and their baits had struck the water close together. Reeling in the baits had come within a couple of inches of each other. The fish either struck both baits at once or it struck one of them, felt the pain from the hook, slung its head to one side and got the other hook.

The Future of Irish Art

Great Painter Enthusiastic Over Its Prospects—Dublin to Be the Center of a World-Colony of Painters.

(Special Correspondence.)



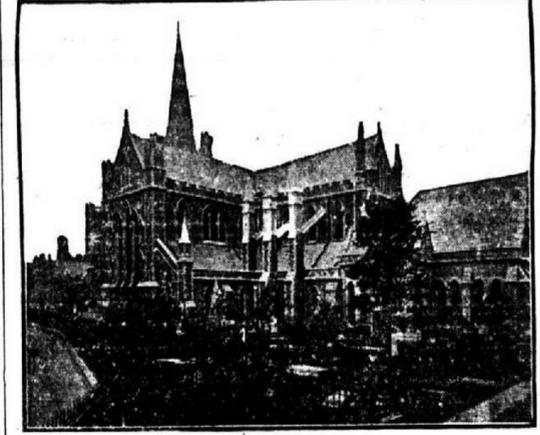
B. YEATS, portrait painter and Irish patriot, looks forward to the day when Dublin will be the home of a celebrated colony of artists.

"This light was made for painters," he declared. "We escape the gloom of London here and we are in the midst of people among whom artists like to live. Our whole environment, animate and inanimate, quickens the artistic instinct."

Mr. Yeats asserts that the Irish people are artistic and sympathetic and have a large capacity for the ideal. "They love the things of the mind," he said.

should give place to the doctrine of amusement. Hard work I condemn, good work I commend. Good work is but a form of amusement, and intellectual pursuits are the best forms of amusement. In Ireland we are poor, but we are mentally and spiritually healthy. We are not sordid. We are not petulant. We do not rush through the streets like madmen. We have not lost our capacity for enjoyment. Despite our poverty and ignorance, the springs of our natures are sweet."

In the foregoing Mr. Yeats indicates his reasons for putting a high value upon the qualities of the Irish people as companions for men and women of artistic gifts. He also thinks inanimate Dublin a pleasing home for the



St. Patrick's Cathedral.

"Go into our schools and witness the splendid energy there. See our boys study. They are looking forward to great careers. One Irish boy says, 'I'll go to London and become a judge,' another, 'I'll be a big doctor,' another, 'I'll go to India and make a name,' or 'I'll be off to Persia and become a grand vizier,' another, 'I'll write a volume of essays or poems or compose a song or paint a picture.' The English boys say, 'I'll go into my uncle's office,' or 'I'll go into trade and make a fortune.' Hence the English boy's dull plodding and perfunctory devotion to study. The career held out to the English boy makes him a drudge and crushes the poetry in himself; the career held out to the Irish boy makes him work light-heartedly and stimulates his powers of mind and soul."

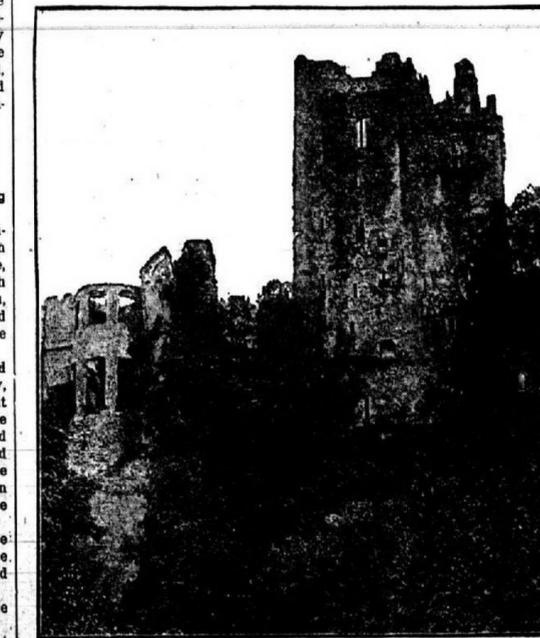
Great things seem to Mr. Yeats to be in store for Ireland when the Catholic element in the country attains efficiency in practical things. "It will be a glorious country then," he affirmed. "The Catholics are full of longings and poetic musings, but they are slack, inefficient. The Protestants are without imagination, save the imagination of oratory, but they are great administrators, they are highly efficient. Catholic Ireland is awakening. We must keep commerce out of the art-crafts—silver work, furniture, stucco, glass and mezzotint engraving—done in Ireland up to just

artistic temperament. He likes the architecture, the statues, the parks and such stately thoroughfares as Sackville street, where rise the O'Connell statue and the Nelson pillar. The Bank of Ireland, Trinity College and St. Patrick's Cathedral are thought to offer fine specimens of the type of structure that gives to the Irish capital the aspects that please the artistic eye and nourish artistic talent.

The best hopes for Irish art are the leading portrait painters and the most accomplished artist, W. Orpen, though little more than a boy, has made a name in London with his intensely moralized Hogarthian painting and drawing.

The suburbs of Dublin have wonderfully improved within the past twenty years, and with their many fine buildings and remarkably well-kept streets, they may almost be said to constitute at present the chief of the many attractions which the stranger is wont to admire. The outlying townships of Rathmines and Rathgar, Kingstown and Pembroke, Clontarf and Dalkey, are all inhabited by persons engaged in the commerce of the city.

In wealth and commercial importance the capital of Ireland is increasing yearly, and architecturally its beauty is being steadily added to. The venerable buildings of famous old Trinity College, rich with the memories of the famous Irishmen who have graduated from its halls to win distinction in all walks of life, are partic-



Blarney Castle.

ularly attractive to the visitor and are pointed to with pride by every native of the city. The population may safely be put at 400,000 and is steadily advancing, the emigration from the island not seeming to affect the residents of the capital. No spot in Europe is more worthy the attention of the tourist than the chief city of the Emerald Isle.

Traffic on Elevated Railroads. Last year the New York elevated railroads of Manhattan carried 223,427,283 passengers.

The Kaiser's Christmas Gifts. The Kaiser spent last year over \$80,000 in Christmas presents.

Let him that would move the world first move himself.—Socrates.

REED'S METHOD OF WORK.

Would Postpone It to the Last Minute for Light Literature.

Many stories are told illustrative of Reed's methods of work. He was extremely fond of what is called "light literature" and would postpone work on a task he had before him to the last possible moment in order to finish some story or romance. He always managed to get up steam, however, in time to complete his work.

For weeks before his graduation from college he was buried in the treasures of fiction contained in a friend's library. The number of speakers for commencement day had been changed that year from fifteen to ten, and Reed was reminded of the fact by a college mate.

"Time enough yet. Why I have five weeks!" he answered.

"But the other fellows have been working five months!"

"Never mind," he answered as he went on with his reading, "I'll have a place on the program." And he did so, standing fifth on the list of commencement orators.

Next to fiction he was fondest of oratory. He was a student of parliamentary law and of oratory long before he himself became an authority by the publication of the standard works, "Reed's Rules" and "Modern Eloquence."

Another time Reed was asked to contribute an article to a magazine by a certain date. As usual, he put it off. Finally the last night of the allotted time arrived, and Reed sat down at his desk, intending to scribble off an apology for his inability and a refusal to write the article. Suddenly an idea occurred to him. He wrote feverishly until after 2 o'clock the next morning and finished the article in the one sitting.

WAS SIMPLE WHEN EXPLAINED.

But Phonetic Spelling of Name Puzzled Hotel Clerk.

The man walked up to the hotel register and signed his name, with a flourish. "E. K. Phthologyrrh." "Look here, Turner," said the clerk, who knew him very well, "is somebody on your track? Where did you get that outlandish name?"

"My boy, you're slow," replied Turner, airily. "That's my same old name written in plain English and pronounced as it is written—just Turner. Look at it. Of course I do it just to make people guess. They wonder about my nationality and the pronunciation of my name. I can hear them talk about it. But, as I said before, it's English spelling."

"Will you kindly explain?" asked the clerk.

"Phth, there is the sound of 't' in 'phthisis,'" began Turner; "'olo,' there is the sound of 'u' in 'colony'; 'gn,' there is the 'n' in 'gnat'; 'yrrh' is the sound of 'er' in 'myrrh.' Now if that does not spell Turner what does it spell?"

"Well," said the clerk, "it is lucky for me that the majority of men don't register their names phonetically."

Charity Richly Rewarded.

Henry Douglas, an ice wagon driver of Paducah, Ky., cast his bread upon the waters, to some purpose. He learned recently that a man he befriended two years ago has left him the snug sum of \$5,000. In 1900 a boy tramp, known as "Greasy Jim," struck Paducah sick, penniless and hungry. Douglas gave him the lad clothing and food and a place to sleep. In a few weeks the youth was well again and left town. A few days ago Douglas received news that James Holman, a soldier in the Philippines, who died in a Manila hospital, had named him as his next friend. This recalled to Douglas' mind that "Greasy Jim's" last name was Holman. He later received a formal notice from an insurance company that the soldier Holman had left a life insurance policy to the amount of \$5,000. Douglas being named in the policy as beneficiary.

The French Academy. The French academy is one of the five academies, and the most eminent, constituting the Institute of France. It was founded in 1635 by the Cardinal Richelieu, and reorganized in 1816. It is composed of forty members, the new member elected by the remaining thirty-nine members for life, after personal application and the submission of their nomination to the head of the state. It meets twice weekly, at the palace Mazarin, 23 Quai Conti, Paris, and is "the highest authority on everything appertaining to the niceties of the French language, to grammar, rhetoric and poetry, and the publication of the French classics." The chief officer is the secretary, who has a life tenure of his position. A chair in the academy is the highest ambition of most literary Frenchmen.

Tidal Waves in Harness. A proposal is on foot a Hikuraki, in New Zealand, for the utilization of the tidal waters of the place in the generation of electricity. The plan is to build a tunnel through a narrow neck of land at Pelorus sound, eighty-eight feet in length. The rise and fall of the tide at this place varies from six feet and seven feet to ten feet and eleven feet, and the tunnel would, it is said, command 50,000 acres of tidal water. It is not stated how the power would be generated, but presumably the tunnel would be made below the level of the lowest ebb tide and turbines would be installed at either end of the tunnel. The scheme has been taken up by a local company, which has a capital of \$375,000.

Agricultural education is a thing that the farmer can no longer afford to ignore. In the past ignorance has collected a greater tax from the farmer than have the town, county, state and national governments combined.

AGRICULTURE



Treatment for "Bogus" and Marsh Land.

From Farmers' Review: The astonishing demand for farm land during the past few years has produced great activity towards improving swamp and marsh land. What we once considered worthless post marshes, are now by the aid of the spade and dredge being converted into tillable farms. All down the eastern part of Illinois and northwestern part of Indiana are hundreds of acres of this sort of territory that is undergoing transformation. This land, after being drained, is of a black fertile color, and is in a loose friable condition with all the appearance of great crop producing ability. But from some quarters we hear complaints that land of similar composition belies its appearance by producing grain of inferior quality. Corn grows to an amazing height, producing a great yield of stover, but an unsatisfactory amount of ears, of which an unprofitable percentage are "bubbins." Oats on the same soils make a wonderful growth, and a few weeks prior to the harvest, one, judging from their appearance, would estimate the yield at from 60 to 100 bushels per acre. But just before harvest the oats become "straw fallen," lodge and otherwise make tedious work for the binder. A close inspection reveals short heads with grain that is inclined to be chaffy, and the yield below our estimate one-half.

These tracts are not confined to Indiana and Illinois. In every state can be found tracts of this unproductive black lands, varying from a few square rods to hundreds of acres. It is well known as "bogus" land, sometimes incorrectly called "alkali," for it has none of the real characteristics of alkali soil. While this soil is materially improved by drainage, a chemical analysis shows it to be abnormally rich in nitrogen, due to the large amount of partially decomposed organic matter. In fact, in some areas organic matter makes up the greater part of the material. An analysis of this soil shows it to contain over 2 per cent nitrogen, 1/2 per cent phosphoric acid, but only 1-10 per cent of potash.

The uninitiated often think commercial plant food is to be used only on worn and exhausted lands, and to fertilize black soil is extravagant and foolish. Yet experiments made at different agricultural experiment stations show that the great salvation for these soils is kainit. Kainit is a crude potash, containing 12 per cent actual potash, chloride magnesium and chloride sodium, and seems to be a natural mixture to correct the irregularities of this soil. This should be applied in liberal amounts. Nine years ago the Indiana station in its experimental work on such soil used a ton of kainit per acre, and the good effect can still be noted.

It need not generally be applied in such large amounts, but in the above mentioned experiment, land that produced practically nothing, gave an average yield of 54 bushels of corn per acre for four years. The kainit cost \$20 in Indiana, delivered and distributed, and the returns for the first four years was \$76.50. In the case of small areas of unproductive soil in the field, it is the custom of farmers to plow and plant these patches the same as the productive parts of the field. The treatment of these tracts with kainit will render the labor applied to these places effective. While lime can sometimes be used to an advantage on raw mucky land, it does not seem to mix readily with this bogus land.—D. I. Duncan.

Hessian Fly in Indiana.

Prof. Troop, of the Indiana Experiment Station, in a bulletin to the press, says: Responses have been received from 185 correspondents to date representing eighty-six counties. Of these seventy-three counties report the fly as doing more or less damage. Thirteen counties report no fly, which may or may not be true, as it has frequently happened that one man has reported no fly and another man living in another section of the county has reported it as doing considerable damage. Those counties reporting no fly are Lake, Allen, Whitley, Jasper, Newton, Blackford, Warren, Vermilion, Owen, Sullivan, Knox, Starke and Scott. Those which have not reported at all are Elkhart, Wells, Adams, Bartholomew, Jefferson and Pike. Forty-six counties report the damage to wheat as ranging from fifteen to seventy-five per cent of the crop. Twenty-four counties report only slight damage; the greatest amount of damage is reported from the central and southern counties. (In Decatur county fifty-two larvae were found in one plant.) In sixty-five counties in which the fly is found, the wheat was sown before September 25, while in eight counties it is found, in wheat grown after September 25th, but in only one after October 1st. Twenty-seven varieties of wheat are mentioned as being grown in the infested districts, and no one variety is mentioned as being more free from attacks than others.

Agricultural education is a thing that the farmer can no longer afford to ignore. In the past ignorance has collected a greater tax from the farmer than have the town, county, state and national governments combined.

JOHN KALMBACH ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Real Estate bought and sold. Loans effected. Office in Kempf Bank Block. CHELSEA, MICH.

J. W. ROBINSON, M. B., M. C. P. & S., Ontario. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Successor to the late Dr. R. McColgan. Office and residence, corner Main and Park streets. Phone No. 40. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

F. STAFFAN & SON. Funeral Directors and Embalmers. ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN. Chelsea Telephone No. 9.

S. A. MAPES & CO., FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS. FINE FUNERAL FURNISHINGS. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea Telephone No. 6. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

W. S. HAMILTON Veterinary Surgeon Treats all diseases of domesticated animals. Special attention given to lameness and horse dentistry. Office and residence on Park street across from M. E. church, Chelsea, Mich.

H. W. SCHMIDT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office hours: 10 to 12 forenoon; 2 to 4 afternoon; 7 to 8 evening. Night and Day calls answered promptly. Chelsea Telephone No. 30. 2 rings for office, 3 rings for residence. CHELSEA, MICH.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. B. B. Turnbull. H. D. Witherell. CHELSEA, MICH.

H. S. Holmes, pres. C. H. Kempf, vice pres. J. A. Palmer, cashier. Geo. A. Bedole, asst. cashier. THE KEMPF COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK CAPITAL \$40,000. Commercial and Savings Departments. Money to loan on first-class security. Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H. Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Kletu, Geo. A. Bedole, Ed. Vogel.

S. G. BUSH PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Formerly resident physician U. of M. Hospital. Office in Hatch block. Residence on South street.

DENTISTRY. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Local anesthetic used for extraction. Plates of all kinds as cheap as good work can be done. When you have teeth to be filled call on Dr. A. L. STEGER.

ERNEST E. WEBER, TONSORIAL PARLORS Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing, etc., executed in first-class style. Razors honed. Shop in the Boyd block, Main street.

FRANK SHAVER, Propr. of The "City" Barber Shop. In the new Babcock Building Main street. CHELSEA, MICH.

DENTISTRY. Having had 13 years experience I am prepared to do all kinds of dental work in a careful and thorough manner and as reasonably as first-class work can be done. There is nothing known in the dental art but that we can do for you and we have a Local Anesthetic for extraction that has no equal. Special attention given to Children's teeth. H. H. AVERY, Dentist. Office, over Rafferty's Tailor Shop.

OLIVE LODGE NO. 156, F. & A. M. Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M. for 1903. Jan. 13, Feb. 10, March 10, April 7, May 5, June 9, July 7, Aug. 4, Sept. 1, Sept. 29, Nov. 3. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 1. C. W. MARONEY, Sec.

Chelsea Camp, No. 7338, Modern Woodmen of America. Meetings on the first Saturday and third Monday of each month.

Chelsea National Protective Legion, No. 312. Meetings held on the third Tuesday of each month at the G. A. R. hall.

ALFRED C. SMYTH, AUCTIONEER. Residence, Sharon Center. Postoffice address, Manchester, Mich. Bills furnished free.

DON'T BE FOOLED! Take the genuine, original ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA Made only by Madison Tea Co., Madison, Wis. It keeps you well. Our trade mark cut on each package. Price, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk. Accept no substitutes. Ask your druggist.

E. W. DANIELS, NORTH LAKE'S AUCTIONEER. Satisfaction Guaranteed. No charge for Auction Bills. Postoffice address, r. d. 1, Gregory, Mich.

COUNTY AND VICINITY. for the separate parties have entered into an agreement whereby the Grass Lake council will pay the costs of the case and will not further molest them.

By an agreement of the Farmers Telephone Co. and the authorities of the village of Grass Lake, the telephone trouble will not delay the operations of the workmen. The attorneys' The membership of Central City Trust, K. O. T. M. M., at Jackson, has reached the remarkably high number of 1,500. It is the largest Tent in Michigan, and the second largest in the United States.

Dr. James Drury and Garry Densmore, a prominent business man of Ypsilanti had a collision while racing on the street Thursday afternoon, with the result that Dr. Drury was severely bruised and shaken up and Densmore's horse killed. Drury behind and Densmore was in front of a third horse and turning out at the same time, so they crashed into each other.

Contractor Willard D. Otis of Ann Arbor has a curiosity for which he has been offered many times the sum which it and other things cost him. It is a bunch of rattles which number 103. As naturalists claim the snake get their first rattles in the third year this would indicate that the snake from which they were taken was 105 years old.

The electric light franchise which was granted to John Steele last spring and was extended thirty days from Nov. 25 has been allowed to expire and it is now up to the village, if it wants lights, to take some action either in the way of receiving proposals for lighting or putting in a municipal plant. Certainly the streets have been in darkness long enough. Dexter Leader.

A buyer for the Lake Shore railroad has a gang of men in the woods owned by J. P. Dean near Napoleon. On Tuesday, G. L. Jennings, of Hillsdale, one of the men employed, was filling a saw near where others were felling a big tree. As the tree came down it swung in its course, bending with it a smaller sapling. This in turn caught Jennings and for an instant pinned him to the ground. Then the big tree swung still further and released the smaller one. Jennings was caught in topmost branches of the sapling and as it snapped back to place he was hurled as from a huge catapult forty feet into the air. He is a large man and had not the other trees broken the force of his descent he would undoubtedly have lost his life. He was unconscious for several hours and his injuries include a painfully bruised and torn limb. Only a few weeks ago Jennings allowed an accident insurance policy to lapse and he will now be laid up for many weeks without pay.—Brooklyn Expouent.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS A BOX is the value H. A. Tisdale, Summerton, S. C., places on DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. He says: "I had the piles for 20 years. I tried many doctors and medicines, but all failed except DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cured me." It is a combination of the healing properties of Witch Hazel with antiseptics and emollients; bleeding and permanently cures blind, relieving itching and protruding piles, sores, cuts, bruises, eczema, salt rheum and all skin diseases. Glazier & Stimson.

Deadly LaGrippe Caused Heart Trouble, Nervous Prostration and Dyspepsia. My Friends Know Heart Cure Cured Me.

Mrs. C. O. Hurd, 118 W. Third St., Muscatine, Ia., is well known throughout her section of Iowa as an ardent worker in the M. E. Church. She says: "LaGrippe left me with a severe case of nervous depression and nervous dyspepsia, which soon affected my heart. I suffered from sleeplessness, headache, extreme nervousness and twitching of the muscles. The slightest exertion would cause shortness of breath, a numbness of my body and hot flashes with pain. I will tell you what I am constantly telling my friends—that Dr. Miles' Heart Cure cured me so that all these disagreeable symptoms left me. I may add that for several years I have never found anything to equal Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and think the Nerve and Liver Pills are a wonderful stomach remedy." "Our son was stricken down with heart trouble in his twentieth year. For two months we go: no sleep with him at night, so we commenced to use Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills and within a few days he is sound and well. In fact he passed a physical examination since his sickness and is with the Army in the Philippines. I desire to add that Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills have certainly been a boon to me. I am frequently troubled with sick and nervous headaches and I have never found anything that would relieve me so quickly and leave me feeling so well thereafter."—Mrs. Alice Wood, Buffalo, Mo. All druggists sell and guarantee first bottles Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND, LOST, WANTED, ETC.

FOR SALE—Good hay. Inbure of Philp Broesamle.

HIGHEST market price paid for rye, delivered at the bean house. J. P. Wood & Co. 841f

SAW FILING—If you want your saw filed leave it at W. J. Knapp's. M. Staffan. 48

FARM FOR SALE—1 offer my farm, 120 acres, for sale or rent. Good building. Adjoining this are 115 acres which can be bought or rented. For further particulars inquire of John Schaufele, Chelsea.

COLORED BEANS—For sale for feeding purposes. Inquire of Martin Wackenhut.

LOST—Saturday afternoon either on the streets or Freeman's store a sum of money. Finder leave at Standard office and get reward.

The Wm. Bacon-Holmes Lumber, Grain & Coal Co. will pay for fowls 8 cents and chickens 9 cents per pound.

White Pine and Spruce Balsam is one of the finest preparations known for coughs and colds. Put up in 25 cent bottles. If it does not suit you bring it back and get your money. Bank Drug Store.

THE SECRET OF LONG LIFE. Consists in keeping all the main organs of the body in healthy, regular action, and in quickly destroying deadly disease germs. Electric Bitters regulate stomach liver and kidneys, purify the blood, and give a splendid appetite. They work wonders in curing kidney troubles, female complaints, nervous diseases, constipation, dyspepsia, and malaria. Vigorous health and strength always follow their use. Only 50c, guaranteed by Glazier & Stimson druggist.

We keep 50 of the celebrated Parker Lucky Curve Fountain Pens, all filled, ready for you to pick from, at the Bank Drug Store.

Don't be discouraged. White Pine and Spruce Balsam will cure it. Bank Drug Store, 25 cent bottles.

TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE 25 CENTS 158 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO.

Cut this out! This cut is on every bottle. A printed guarantee with every bottle is proof of its merits and has inside Pine Root Cough Syrup famous. It cures Baby's or Grandpa's Cough, Bronchial Trouble, Obstructive Consumption, Croup, Asthma, Whooping Cough, La Grippe, Catarrhal Coughs, Etc. Thousands testify to its healing power. Bottles 25c and 50c. Sold every where. T. F. HOLDEN, mfr., Imlay City, Mich.

KALAMAZOO STOVES AND RANGES DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO THE USER AT FACTORY PRICES. 360 DAY APPROVAL TEST OFFER. Send for our Special. Kalamazoo Stove Co., Manufacturers, Box A, Kalamazoo, Mich.

COLUMBIA DISC Graphophone. Made in three types rolling at \$15, \$20 and \$30. The best Disc Machine on the Market. Entertains Everybody Everywhere. Uses Flat Indestructible Records which can be handled without danger of being injured. The reproductions are LOUD, CLEAR and BRILLIANT. 7-inch Records 50 cents each; \$5 per doz. 10-inch Records \$1 each; \$10 per doz. The GRAPHOPHONE and COLUMBIA RECORDS were awarded the GRAND PRIZE at the PARIS EXPOSITION of 1900. Columbia Phonograph Co., 37 Grand River Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.

9283 12-30 PROBATE ORDER. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washington, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 11th day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and two. Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of James S. Richards, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of William H. Loehner, duly verified, praying that a certain instrument, now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, administration of said estate granted to himself, the executor in said will named and appraisers and commissioners be appointed.

It is ordered, that the 13th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washington.

A true copy. WILLIS L. WATKINS, Judge of Probate. JAMES E. MCGEEHON, Register. 48

PROBATE ORDER. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washington, held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 12th day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and two.

Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of William McIntosh, deceased. On reading and filing the petition of Eugene McIntosh, duly verified, praying that a certain instrument, now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, administration of said estate granted to some suitable person here being no executor in said will named and appraisers and commissioners appointed.

It is ordered, that the 13th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washington.

A true copy. WILLIS L. WATKINS, Judge of Probate. JAMES E. MCGEEHON, Register. 48

PROBATE ORDER. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHINGTON, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Washington, held at the Probate office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on the 30th day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and two.

Present, Willis L. Watkins, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Thomas Jewett deceased. A. W. Chapman, executor of said estate, having filed in this court his second annual administration account, praying the same may be examined and allowed.

It is ordered, that the 27th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for examining and allowing said account.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washington.

A true copy. WILLIS L. WATKINS, Judge of Probate. JAMES E. MCGEEHON, Register. 50

PINDS WAY TO LIVE LONG. The startling announcement of a Discovery that will surely lengthen life is made by editor O. H. Downey, of Churubusco, Ind. "I wish to state," he writes "that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is the most infallible remedy that I have ever known for Coughs, Colds and Grip. Its invaluable to people with weak lungs. Having this wonderful medicine no one need dread Pneumonia or Consumption. Its relief is instant and cure certain." Glazier & Stimson guarantee every 50c and \$1.00 bottle, and give trial bottle free.

Rich, fragrant Mocha and Java coffee, 25 cents pound, at Bank Drug Store.

Stops the Cough and works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price, 35 cents.

Merrimen's All-Night Workers makes morning movements easy.

Old-fashioned hearhound drops at the Bank Drug Store, one quarter pound for 5 cents.

A SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY. Kodol does for the stomach that which it is unable to do for itself, even when but slightly disordered or over-loaded. Kodol supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work of the stomach relaxing the nervous tension, while the inflamed muscles of that organ are allowed to rest and heal. Kodol digests what you eat and enables the stomach and digestive organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. Glazier & Stimson.

I love thee, O yes I love thee, But it's all that I can ever be, For in my violons in the night, My dreams are Rocky Mountain Tea. Glazier & Stimson.

GREAT JANUARY SALE

We have just received 100 dozen men's underwear, which was offered for 1-2 the wholesale price by a large house, and we are going to give the benefit of this purchase to our customers.

Men's all-wool, double breasted shirts, regular retail price \$3.00 a suit, at this sale for \$1.98 a suit.

Wool fleeced, a regular \$2.00 suit, for shirt and drawers \$1.20.

Extra heavy cotton fleeced shirt and drawers for 70 cents.

These goods are absolutely all new, just as advertised.

The Reason we Start This Sale Now and with Such Force is This:

We had made great preparations for a fall business in our new store, but the long delay of completing the alterations compelled us to offer the goods for sale at our store where for weeks we sold them at a great cut in prices, but the room was not large enough for display and we find a large portion of it on our hands; many lots are reduced to one or three suits of a size, and in order to close out the entire line we have started a sale that will set the old-fashioned quarter off sale way back.

THAT IS IF YOU CONSIDER QUALITY, WORKMANSHIP AND STYLE.

On some lots more than 1-3 off. It is not a question of how much we get, it is

HOW LOW A PRICE WILL SELL THEM?

They must be closed out to make room for our new and large spring stock.

Now this is a chance to buy a new and up-to-date suit or overcoat at a very low price, and you can feel assured that here you are dealing with people who are not seeking your money but your trade.

Our connection with a large eastern syndicate of buyers enables us to secure bargains if there is any in the market, and

That is What Makes This Sale

a real Bargain Sale, when you consider the discount at which the goods were bought, and then taking off our usual profits, it means something.

\$5.00 and \$6.00 buys a good business suit.

A lot at \$8.00, some of these suits at regular retail price are worth \$15.00.

\$9.50 buys a very stylish looking suit made of new Scotch weaves, fancy chevots and worsteds

Our \$12.00, \$13.50, \$16.00 and \$18.00 suits will make a man feel like wearing a regular merchant tailor made suit. Some of them are \$22.00 and \$25.00 suits made of imported material. Only one or two of a kind.

Overcoats from \$6.00 up.

Strictly all-wool and guaranteed to give good wear. These were bought at a large discount.

A lot of blue blacks and jet black, beavers, meltons and kerseys. Absolutely all-wool. We are closing them out

AT \$8.50 AND \$10.00.

Broken lots of \$20.00, \$22.00 and \$25.00 Coats \$13.50, \$15.00 and \$18.00

FUR COATS.

We are not going to carry them over, they will be sold for nearly what it costs to make them.

If you need one it will surely pay you to come and look at them.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

CUTTING, REYER & CO., NEW STORE

109 and 111 east Washington street, Ann Arbor, Mich.

GEO. J. BUSS, Manager.